

Serious Rink
A laborer broke through the sidewalk on the roadside at Grayling, discovered a ring, a few shillings, and a small box. An inscription on the box seemed to show that it belonged to a young man, who was a student at the University of Michigan, and was a member of the Phi Kappa Psi chapter at Grayling.

Natural Beauties
Great beauties, seen in temperate climates, are plentiful in Trinidad, and the island is a fascinating place for the collector. But the bird life there is the most beautiful of all. Birds of bewildering brilliancy of plumage are as common as English sparrows, and the hummingbirds are the most plentiful of all; indeed, Trinidad is known as the home of the hummingbird.

Servants in Brazil.
In Brazil servants will not sleep in the house, as a rule, but expect to leave at 7 at night and not return until 7 or 8 the next day. As a result, many houses have a pane of glass in one of the windows taken out, through which the baker and the milkman pass their goods on their early morning rounds, without troubling a member of the family to get up and open the door.

Offers \$5,000 for Giraffe.
At one time the London Zoo had a standing offer of \$5,000 for a good adult male giraffe. Not only are the animals scarce in Africa, but the work of transporting them over-sea is the despair of every wild-beast importer. And even when, after infinite solicitude and care, they are landed safely in New York, Hamburg or London, they are apt to die like flowers.

To Soothe the Nerves.
A Hindoo practice for soothing the nerves is to take deep inhalations, expelling the air alternately through each nostril, keeping the other closed with the finger. This has a wonderfully quieting effect when the brain is inclined to become too active in reviewing the events of the day that is past and the duties of to-morrow.

Ways of Londoners.
Thousands of Londoners, truth says, lunch and dine at a restaurant, have tea at a club, spend their evenings at a theater, pass the intervals between meals in the street or in a motor car, and when they are ill go to a nursing home. All they do at home is to sleep, dress and quarrel.

Sure Cure for Snake Bites.
There is a sure cure for snake bite, though perhaps a less pleasant one than any brand of whiskey. It is strychnia sulphate, nitro-glycerin and potassium permanganate, which may be carried in tablet form and must be dissolved in water and injected hypodermically.

Artificial Pumice Stone.
Artificial pumice stone is now being made by mixing sand and clay. Natural pumice stone for industrial purposes comes from the islands of Lipari, and is nothing but lava which was cooled rapidly under strong development of gases. It is not firm enough to last well.

Rubber from Ceylon.
According to information supplied by the Institute of Tropical Research recently founded in connection with Liverpool University, Ceylon, tea, in the last season, shipped 100,000 pounds of rubber, all produced from the island plantations.

Bargain Counter Incident.
A London periodical reports a "regrettable" incident. In a bargain counter rush a valuable ostrich feather became detached from a lady's hat and was sold as a remnant before the lady had discovered and could explain her loss.

Japanese School Age.
Japanese children are not allowed to attend school until after six years of age, at the Japanese believe that science has conclusively proved that school education before six is physiologically and mentally detrimental.

Check on Paris Motorists.
Paris automobile owners must make two declarations at the prefecture of police, one as to the type of vehicle and power of the motor, and the other for obtaining permission to drive after examination.

Recruiting Ground for Church.
The Rev. Silvester Horne has a billiard room at Whitefield Tabernacle, London, says the Ram's Horn, and he says it has been the best recruiting ground for his church.

Japs Bar Babes from Flats.
Japanese proprietors of three large modern apartment houses for Oriental in San Francisco have decreed that no children shall be allowed within their walls.

Absorb the Stale Tobacco Smell.
If a basin of water is placed overnight in a room where people have been smoking, the stale smell of stale tobacco will be gone in the morning.

Effect of Whistling.
Whistling, according to some phrenologists, will do much toward the development of a robust physical frame.

Neither Entitled to Brag.
A professor in a Western university one day, while walking with a friend in San Francisco, became involved in an argument as to which was the handsomer man of the two. They agreed to leave the question to the decision of a Chinese who was seen approaching them. The matter being laid before him, the Oriental considered long and carefully. Then he announced in a tone of finality, "Both are worse."

America's "Good" Women.
There are many varieties of good women in the world, some passive and others active, some subjective and others aggressive. The good American woman is the most active and aggressive of her sex. She exercises the strictest discipline over her own family. She has the most decided convictions on social questions. In nine cases out of ten she is an anti-drinker, anti-smoker and anti-gambler.

Most Lasting Monuments.
The Vendome, raised as a monument of Napoleon's victories and composed of cannon captured by him in battle, was laid prostrate by the Commune, but the tomb of Josephine the Good wears undisturbed its wreath of honor and love. The best and most lasting monuments are reared in hearts by true love and devotion to humanity.—Rev. Dr. Madison C. Peters.

Were They So Lovely?
We cannot imagine the Greek women in eye-glasses, but neither can we imagine them in a picture hat or high-heeled boots. We often wonder, indeed, whether the divine women depicted in those marble forms were really as beautiful as that, or whether as in fashionable portraits of to-day a little has been given and much taken away.—The Academy.

Latest in Lawnmowers.
A lawnmower has made its appearance built on the lines of the agricultural reaper, which in itself suggests to the average mind the familiar barbers' clippers. It is said for this machine that it does not mutilate the grass to much as the usual rotary knife lawnmower, which has a tendency to drag the roots and feeders.

Misplaced Melancholy.
We often deplore the degeneracy of the times in which we live, but there certainly never was an age when more efforts were made for the reformation of society, for the alleviation of distress, for the cure of anomalies, and the eradication of various forms of social evil.—Canon Newbolt.

Adulterate Olive Oil.
Consul Johnston, of Algiers, writes that the adulteration of olive oil with cottonseed oil has caused a law to be promulgated there requiring all mixtures to be so marked, plainly, and with the proportions of adulteration. Any deception in its sale will be punished according to law.

High Temperature.
It has been discovered that by the use of acetylene gas in a blowpipe much higher temperatures can be obtained than are available with the ordinary oxyhydrogen blowpipe. The latter gives from 3,600 to 4,500 degrees; the former more than 7,000 degrees.

When Courtesy is Snubbed.
Did you ever try the experiment of being galled in a crowd that has no time for "meries"? It is well with your wife just once, as a lesson. You may step aside till the crack of doom and still find plenty to take advantage of your unselfishness.

Lytle's Famous Phrase.
The phrase which has become trite by its frequent use, "The pen is mightier than the sword," which Lord Lytton put in the mouth of Cardinal Richelieu, was written when the steel pen had barely begun to supplant the quill.

Water a Drug.
Is distilled water a drug? Mr. Plowden has decided that it is within the meaning of the act which makes it an offense to sell drugs in an impure condition to the prejudice of the purchaser.—London Chronicle.

Ready with Helping Hands.
The sun does not always shine in stageland, nor does it rain; here, but the dwellers in that land are always ready to lend each other their umbrellas when it rains.—Mr. A. Vane Tempest.

Educated African Parrot.
A London advertiser offers, for \$42 or a gramophone, a gray African parrot, six years old, that can speak distinctly 800 words and uses sentences of from twenty to thirty words.

One of Everts' Ex-traits.
William M. Everts, when asked if he did not think woman "as the best judge of woman, replied: "Not only the best judge, madam, but the best executioner."

Japan's Monopoly.
Japan has the monopoly of camphor production, for it is only in that country and Formosa that the camphor tree flourishes commercially.

Swiss Foreign Trade.
With a population of only 2,218,343 Switzerland has a foreign trade of more than \$400,000,000 a year.

WOMAN AT HER BEST AT FORTY.
Many Reasons Why That Is Selected as Golden Age.

At what age is woman at her best? If I may be allowed to offer a humble opinion, which has the advantage of being shared by so many thousands others, that it is thereby rendered more trustworthy, I should be inclined to select the despoiled age of forty, and say that it is the time, which is most freely endowed with all the good qualities, graces and charms of womanhood. A woman has then grown out of the narrow-mindedness and one-sidedness of youth; she has left behind its fickleness, love of excitement and its generally unstable character; her mind is broadened by experience; her opinions are worth something; she has, in all probability, become far less egotistical. I know of no qualities which she need have lost except that peculiar freshness and unbounded hopefulness which is all youth's own; but she may have easily retained a young vivacity and an optimism which if it has parted with something of its attraction in audacity, has gained much by being a little more practical. —"Lady Phyllis" in The Bystander.

KEEP BEST HOURS FOR HOME.
One Spot from Which All Gloom Should Be Banished.

Endeavor always to talk your best before your children. They hunger perpetually for new ideas. They will learn with pleasure from the lips of parents what they deem it dangerous to study in books, and even if they have the misfortune to be deprived of many educational advantages, they will grow up intelligent people. We sometimes see parents who are the life of every company which they enter, dull, silent and uninteresting at home among their children. If they have not mental activity and mental stores sufficient for both, let them first use what they have for their own households. A silent home is a dull place for young people—a place from which they will escape if they can. How much useful information on the other hand, is often given in pleasant family conversation, and what unconscious but excellent mental training is lively social argument! Cultivate to the utmost the graces of conversation.—Liverpool (Eng.) Mercury.

Lowell an Irreverent Youth.
A recently published biography of James Russell Lowell says of a famous incident of the poet's college life: "Throughout his senior year his unexcused absence from recitations and chapel exercises increased in number until they reached a total that even now is startling to an academically trained reader. Finally, so the story runs, there came a characteristic ebullition, during one of his frequent appearances at evening prayers, that brought matters to a head. Having been elected in the morning poet of his class, Lowell had spent the day in ambrosial jubilation. At prayer that evening, being still jubilant, he arose in his seat and bowed low to the right and to the left. Coming at the end of a long career of consistent negligence, this breach of decorum was not to be passed in silence." Lowell was, as a consequence, suspended.

"Little Church Around the Corner."
When George Holland, the actor, died in December, 1871, Joseph Jefferson applied to the Rev. Mr. Sabine, a Reformed Episcopal minister, to conduct the funeral ceremony. He declined as the deceased was an actor, but referred Mr. Jefferson to the "Little Church Around the Corner"—The Church of the Transfiguration. The Rev. Dr. George Houghton, rector of that church, cheerfully consented, and Mr. Holland's body was taken there and the ceremony performed. Ever since that place of worship has been known as "The Little Church Around the Corner."

Casey's Money Was Safe.
Mrs. Casey was very fond of her man "Jamsey," who was employed in building the Alpha Delta fraternity house of Williams college. When the building was nearly completed the contractor failed, with a month's wages of the workmen in arrears. A neighbor in conversation with Mrs. Casey, deplored the latter's hard luck, but Mrs. Casey quickly answered: "Divil you fear about Casey an' his wages. All the m' hash to do is to lane aginst the building, an' divil of a door or windy can they open till they pay the min."

Human Nature.
We do not shut our eyes to Nature that we may see God, any more than we resolve the body that we may find the soul. We do not extinguish the passions and appetites which are ours by nature. We accept them as a part of the divine life, and they take their divinely appointed place in the kingdom. We see then what is their subordination, which is not that of the physical to the mental, but the physical to the spiritual. The heavenly does not abolish the earthly, but consist therewith.—Alden.

The Flower of Trampwood.
A New York woman was surprised recently when an apparently well man stopped her on the street and asked her for money. "How is it that a great strong fellow like you should walk the streets begging?" she asked. With a Chesterfieldian bow the beggar replied: "Because, madam, it is the only calling that permits a man to address a beautiful lady without the formality of an introduction."—The Sunday Magazine.

World's Greatest Magazine Bargain.



THIS is the greatest magazine combination offer ever made to the American people. There is nothing to equal it in the history of the publishing business. Each magazine is the leader of its class—the greatest and best in the world. The three cover the entire magazine field and are a unique and desirable collection, filling exactly the needs of every American home, and at an unheard-of remarkably low price. Order to-day. Don't put it off.

Woman's Home Companion
is not excelled by any other home and family publication in the world in beauty, fashion, fiction, art and illustration, helps, hints and entertainments, special articles, artistic features, fine paper, superior printing, boys' and girls' department, household departments, knitting, crocheting and all fancy work. The Help-Once-Another-Club and scores of other features.

The Review of Reviews.
Many other publications are desirable, and you may prefer this or that fiction and art publication, but "Review of Reviews" is necessary. Substantial American men and women are going to keep up with the times and they are going to take the shortest way to fill the demand, while within a year it will outrank every other magazine in this country.

The Cosmopolitan
will shortly become the most widely read magazine in America, now that it has passed to the ownership of the most successful publishing house in existence—the Hearst organization. 500,000 copies a month will shortly be required to fill the demand, while within a year it will outrank every other magazine in this country.

out—which is the "Review of Reviews." Twelve hundred pictures a year, departments giving the best that is in all the other important magazines all over the world; timely and informing articles almost as fresh and full of news interest as a daily paper; and Dr. Albert Shaw's interpretation of the public men, events and issues of the month, in "The Progress of the World."

An Amazing Offer.	
The Crawford Avalanche	\$1.00
The Woman's Home Companion	1.00
The Review of Reviews	3.00
The Cosmopolitan	1.00
Total Value of all four	\$6.00

\$3.50
This is a limited offer and should be accepted at once.
Send all orders to **The Crawford Avalanche,**
GRAYLING, Michigan.

The Elite Glove-Fitting Petticoats



FOR SALE BY
Selling,
Hanson & Co.,
Grayling, Michigan.

Sale of State Tax Lands.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
AUDITOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.
LANSING, APRIL 1, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that certain lands situated in the County of Crawford bid off to the State for taxes of 1902 and previous years, and described in statements which will be forwarded to the office of the Treasurer of said County, and may be seen at said office previous to the day of sale, will be sold at public auction by said Treasurer, at the County Seat, on the first Tuesday of May next, at the time and place designated for the Annual Tax Sale, if not previously redeemed or cancelled according to law. Said statements contain a full description of each parcel of said lands.

JAMES B. BRADLEY,
Auditor General.
Detroit Live Stock Market.
Prime steers and heifers, \$4.75-5.25.
Handy butchers cattle, \$4.00-4.50.
Common, \$2.50-3.75.
Cannera cows, \$1.50-2.25.
Stockers and feeders, \$2.50-4.25.
Milk cows, \$25-50.
Calves, \$3.50-5.25.
Prime lambs, \$6.50-6.75.
Mixed lambs, \$4.50-5.50.
Culls, \$2.00-2.50.
Prime medium hogs, \$6.60-6.65.
Yorkers, \$6.60-6.65.
Pigs, \$6.60-6.65.
Roughs, \$5.00-6.00.

Nine to One

Statistics prove that the chances of your dying of Throat or Lung Troubles, are 9 to 1.

Waste no time, but cure your Disease with

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

the only strictly scientific Lung Specific in existence. Positively guaranteed to help or money refunded.

Saved the Preacher.
Rev. O. D. Moore of Harpersville, N. Y., writes: "I had a fearful cough for months, which nothing would relieve, until I took Dr. King's New Discovery. It cured my cough and saved my life."

Prices, 50c and \$1.00 Trial Bottles Free
RECOMMENDED, GUARANTEED AND SOLD BY
L. Fournier, Druggist.

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

The Michigan Farmer and Live Stock Journal, Detroit, Mich., will spend \$10,000 in 1906 for special articles, stories, etc. All of this money will go into improving the reading matter of the paper. The readers will get the benefit of the entire amount. What would you think of paying \$150 for a special article on corn, \$75 for a good story?

All departments will share in the distribution. We have contracted with the highest authorities in the world for special articles on all leading topics in the various branches of General Farming, Fruit Growing, Breeding of Live Stock, Dairying, Poultry Raising, Home Decorating, Landscaping, Gardening, Architectural Designs with Specifications of Houses, Barns, Out Houses, Etc. Each branch will receive its share of the money spent for special articles in 1906.

Job Printing

Promptly and neatly done,
At this office.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH. Pastor Rev. J. F. Thompson. Preaching, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Class meeting, 10 a. m. Sabbath school, 12 m. Epworth League, 6:30 p. m. Junior League, 3:45 p. m. Tuesday, Prayer meeting, 7:30 p. m. Thursday.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Regular church service at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School immediately after morning service. Communion at 10 o'clock p. m. On the Monday after the third Sunday each at 8 o'clock a. m. (standard time). G. Goodhouse, Pastor; J. J. Hines, Assistant.

DANISH EV. LUTHERAN CHURCH. Rev. A. C. Kildgaard, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Sundays: 8 o'clock at 8:00 a. m.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH. Services every first and third Sunday of the month. Confessions on Thursdays, 10 o'clock a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 10:30 o'clock p. m. Vestments and Benediction at 7 o'clock p. m. On the Monday after the third Sunday each at 8 o'clock a. m. (standard time). G. Goodhouse, Pastor; J. J. Hines, Assistant.

GRAYLING LODGE, NO. 350, F. & A. M. Meets in regular communication on Thursday evening on or before the full of the moon. W. M. A. BATES, W. M. J. F. HUN, Secretary.

MARTIN POST, NO. 240, O. F. M. Meets the second and fourth Saturdays in each month. DELEVAN SMITH, Post Com. J. L. POND, Adjutant.

WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS, NO. 182. Meets on the first and third Saturdays at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. J. H. THUMLEY, President. MRS. L. WINSLOW, Sec.

GRAYLING CHAPTER, R. A. M., NO. 120. Meets every third Thursday in each month. CHARLES H. BATES, W. M. FRED NARRIN, Sec.

GRAYLING LODGE, I. O. O. F., NO. 187. Meets every Tuesday evening. J. C. PETERSON, N. G. CHAS. O. McULLOUGH, Sec.

CRAWFORD TENT, K. O. T. M. M., NO. 182. Meets first and third Saturdays of each month. T. NOLAN, H. K. J. COLLEN, Com.

GRAYLING CHAPTER, ORDER OF EASTERN STAR, NO. 53. Meets Wednesday evening on or before the full of the moon. MRS. EMMA KEEHL, W. M.

COURT GRAYLING, I. O. F., NO. 706. Meets second and last Wednesday of each month. CHARLES T. JEROME, C. R. J. R. WOODBURN, H. S.

COMPANION COURT GRAYLING, NO. 682, T. O. F. Meets the 2d and last Wednesday each month at J. A. R. Hall. EMMA WOODBURN, C. R. ANNA E. HARRINGTON, R. S.

CRAWFORD HIVE, NO. 690, L. O. O. F. M. Meets 7th and 14th of each month. AGNES HAVENS, Lady Com. MRS. KITTIE NOLAN, Record Keeper.

GARFIELD CIRCLE, NO. 10, LADIES OF THE G. A. R. Meets the second and fourth Friday evening. MRS. DELEVAN SMITH, President. MAY SMITH, Secretary.

CRAWFORD COUNTY GRANGE, No. 684. Meets at G. A. R. Hall, 1st and 3rd Saturday of each month at 1 p. m. H. HANSEN, Master. P. OSTRANDER, Secretary.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA. CRAWFORD CAMP, No. 10428—Meets alternate Thursday evening at G. A. R. Hall. ED. G. CLARK, V. C. M. A. BATES, Clerk.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Bank of Grayling

SUCCESSOR TO
Crawford Co. Exchange Bank
MARIUS HANSON,
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GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.

MARIUS HANSON, Cashier.

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Office hours: 9 to 11 a. m. 2 to 4 p. m. 7 to 8 evening.
Residence, Penzance Ave., opposite G. A. R. Hall.

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Office—Over Alexander's Law Office, on Michigan Avenue.
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Fine Land Bought and Sold on Commission.
Non-Residents' Lands Looked After.
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Office on Michigan Avenue, first door east of the Bank.

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Representing Attorney for Crawford County.

FIRE INSURANCE
Collections, correspondence, payment of claims and purchase and sale of real estate promptly attended to. Office on Michigan Avenue, opposite Alexander's.
GRAYLING, MICH.

QUAKE AND FLAME DESTROY FRISCO

**Frightful Seismic Shock
Shatters Half of
the Town.**

**Water Mains Broken
and Fire Completes
the Ruin.**

**Other Cities on the Pacific
Also Stricken by the
Great Disaster.**

**Appalling Loss of Life and Mil-
lions of Dollars Worth of
Property Destroyed.**

**Many New and Costly Skyscrapers
and Big Stores Fall in Heaps
of Debris.**



VIEW OF MARKET STREET, CENTRAL POINT OF DISASTER.

The tall, square building on the right is the Claus Spreckels building, in which the plant of the San Francisco Call was located; the next building beyond is the Examiner building and the last large building on the right is the Palace hotel. The tall building on the left is a new skyscraper, which housed the Chronicle.

The disaster would have been something almost beyond the power of the human mind to grasp.

By the time the earthquake reached its destructive period the streets of the city were crowded with thousands of terror-stricken persons, who rushed to and fro and endeavored to keep out of the way of falling buildings. Hundreds were supposed to have been caught in the falling debris and crushed to death or killed later by the fires which sprang up all through the business portion of the city.

In general it may be said that the district lying between Market and Howard streets, from the bay as far west as the city hall, has been badly wrecked. The Call and Examiner buildings, as well as the Western Union Building, have been wrecked. The large department stores in this neighborhood also were ruined. Farther east on Market street toward the Ferry Slip, is a section occupied by cheap lodgings, houses and hotels and here the loss of life is reported to be great.

Fire Follows the Shock.
Fire followed the crumbling of buildings along Market street, and the firemen were powerless to prevent the spread of the flames. The earthquake had broken the mains on the big street and twisted off the side mains, and it was almost impossible to take steamers through the debris in the streets. Volunteers brought supplies of dynamite and began to blow up the blazing debris in a vain effort to confine the conflagration to the ruined area.

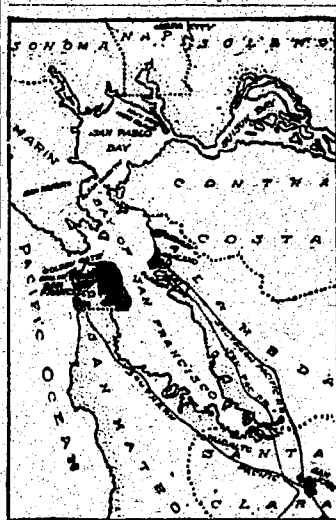
All power in the street car and private electric lighting plants was cut off. Wires in tangled masses had been hurled into the streets.

Near 4th and Stevenson streets the old red wood buildings made good tinder for the flames. Fire swept through the debris of the poorer buildings and soon got beyond control of the fire fighters. Across the street the fire swept, licking up the debris in front of the Winchester rooming house. Fire spread to the buildings along the west side of 5th street. Desperate efforts were made with powder, dynamite and other explosives to stop the flames.

One block away the Palace Hotel was threatened by the sweep of the flames. With no water to extinguish the fire, the big hotel seemed doomed. Calls were sent to the Presidio for soldiers to help save the business district from being entirely swept by the

flames from the Market street fires landed on the water front and threatened the lumber, oil and steamship docks. On Fremont street one of the worst fires of the early morning threatened to destroy a block in the whole-sale district. Small fires appeared in the debris on California and Pine streets. Soon the flames, unchecked by water or explosives, gained such headway that all the wooden buildings as far as Sansome street were attacked.

A strong westerly wind became



TERRITORY IN EARTHQUAKE AREA.

stronger as the morning wore away. It fanned the several blazes in the heart of the business district and threatened to spread the fire through-out a section filled with valuable merchandise. As the noon hour drew near the flames were spreading in every direction, and the destruction by fire bid fair to eclipse the damage wrought by the earthquake. The loss of life seems to have been confined to the poorer districts and manufacturing territory. On lower Market street, the main thoroughfare of the city, block after block of substantial buildings was destroyed.

The Valencia Hotel, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets, on Valencia street, a five-story frame building, toppled over into the street, burying seventy-five people in the debris.

At Eighteenth and Valencia there is a crevice in the street six feet wide and entire sidewalks are torn up. The street car tracks are badly twisted all through the southern section of the city.

Davis street, Font street, Battery street, Sanson, Montgomery, Kearney, Spear, Main, Beale and Fremont streets—all were in the area of the earthquake's greatest fury. Early reports indicated that the quaking earth shook all buildings along these thoroughfares from their foundations and piled the debris high.

The cheap tenement house districts suffered terribly. Old buildings, constructed in the days of redwood, and dilapidated and tottering, collapsed with a succession of roars. Fires appeared in the ruins, but the fire fighters were almost powerless to extinguish the flames.

Big Buildings Fall.
The offices of the Postal Telegraph Company, in the Hobart Building, were wrecked. The Associated Press Building at 302 Montgomery street also was destroyed. The \$7,000,000 City Hall rocked and creaked in the earthquake, portions of it collapsing, bringing added terror to the people who had rushed into the streets near by.

Scarcely had the people realized the extent of the great calamity when reports began to come in from surrounding places indicating that the shock had been disastrous throughout a wide area. Some experts on seismic disturbances estimated that a portion of California 100 miles in diameter had come within the zone of greatest activity.

Night added to the horror, and as darkness fell the sky was illuminated by the brilliant conflagration. There was no light in the city except the light that meant the destruction of homes and the loss of life. The final dying end of the fire left only a barren sand dune dotted with the blackened ruins of what was a great city.

Two square miles burned.

Ten square miles of the heart of the city were burned over, the water sup-

ESTIMATES OF THE CATASTROPHE

The dead in San Francisco (estimated) 1,000
The dead inmates of insane asylums at Agnew 275
The dead in San Jose 65
The dead in Santa Rosa 300
The dead at other points 150
The injured (estimated) 3,000
Estimated property loss \$200,000,000
Number of square miles devastated 10
Number of city blocks destroyed 1,000
Number of buildings in ruins 30,000
Number of persons made homeless 150,000
Number of hotels destroyed 8
Newspapers offices in ruins 3
Telegraph and telephone offices wiped out 8
City placed under martial law.

Other Places Stricken

Santa Rosa—Town practically destroyed; 300 persons killed and 10,000 made homeless.
San Jose—Majority of buildings shattered and 65 persons killed.
Palo Alto—All buildings but one of Leland Stanford University thrown down and two persons killed.
Santa Cruz—Number of buildings demolished and many persons reported killed.
Monterey—Great damage done to property and some fatalities.
Gilroy—Large property loss.
Agnew—State insane asylum demolished; 275 persons killed and patients running at large.
Hollister—Large property loss.

ply was cut off because of the twisted and broken mains, and the frantic residents, aided by Federal troops, fought the flames with dynamite in an effort to save the remainder of the city from destruction. The property loss is estimated at \$200,000,000.

General Funston, in command of the United States troops at the Presidio, declared the city under martial law as soon as the extent of the horror became apparent, and the troops and police worked together to save life, protect property and recover the dead. The earthquake shock destroyed so many of the fire engine houses that the department would have been virtually powerless even had the water supply not been destroyed.

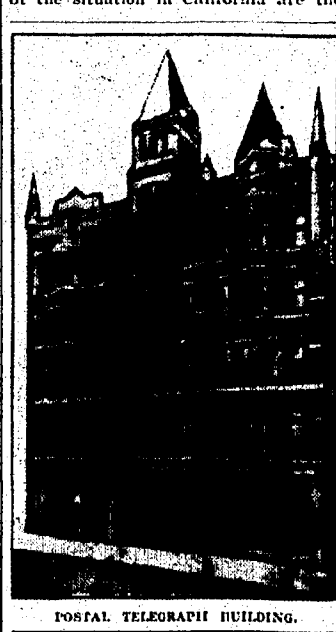
The naturalia of crime and looting which began when the soldiers sacked the saloons broke out afresh with the darkness, and unnumbered, untold crimes were committed on every side. No historian will ever describe the tortures which the homeless suffered; none dare attempt to recount the agonies of those who sought the ruins of their homes and missing members of their household; none may think of the woe and doom of those buried beneath the wreckage or consumed by the remorseless flames.

Number of Dead Never Known.
It will be many days before the complete story of the ruin wrought by the double calamity of earthquake and fire that visited San Francisco will be written and then there will still remain untold countless tales of pitiful tragedy. The exact loss of life will never be known, as hundreds of unfortunates have been incinerated in the flames which made the rescue of those buried under toppling steeples and falling walls impossible.

Famine in its most terrible form expanded through the devastated city and stricken inhabitants Thursday. Hunger, growing into the first stages of starvation, faced the spent thousands who slept Wednesday night in the public squares, or on the bare pavements of the city's streets. Thirst, the most terrifying of the torments to follow the earthquake, drove men and women mad.

Vandals caught in the act of robbing dead bodies were shot without explanation and their bodies consigned to the flames of some burning buildings, without any further formality. The soldiers patrolling the streets were ordered to kill, forthwith, any person seen robbing the dead or burglarizing unprotected places of business. Fully a score of men were killed under this order.

The appalling calamity in San Francisco places that city in a list of Lisbon, Caracas, Naples, and other cities devastated by earthquakes. The horrors of the situation in California are the



POSTAL TELEGRAPH BUILDING.

greater because San Francisco is a populous and commercial city. The earthquake destroyed at once hundreds of business blocks and the means of saving others from fire. It paralyzed commerce, destroyed railways and bridges, cut off communication with other cities, and desolated the country to the south and east.

But, as in the case of Galveston, there will be quick recovery from what seems overwhelming disaster. Naples is a great city in spite of the eruptions of Vesuvius and in spite of earthquakes. Tokyo, desolated by earthquakes several times, is the greatest city of Japan. Chicago is greater because of the fire of 1871. Charleston is none the worse for the earthquake of 1895. And San Francisco will rise superior to the great disaster of 1906.

URNS TO FUTURE

**Hope Rises in San Francisco
When Fire
Is Out**

**Survivors Take Courage,
Though Loss Is
\$400,000,000.**

**Heartstrings of Continent
Touched by the City's
Desolation.**

**Tide of Gold Flows Westward
to Relieve Suffering of
Stricken.**

San Francisco's four days' battle with the flames came to an end Saturday. The homeless people found shelter—such as it was—in parks and across the bay, and all remaining in the city were fed. San Francisco's heroic fire fighters at last triumphed, and the flames which devastated three-fourths of the city were finally under complete control.

The long and heroic struggle to subdue the flames reached its successful conclusion Saturday morning near the ferry-house, where thousands were trapped on the wharves, to which they had been driven by the relentless advance of the fire. Here the final stand was made by firemen, sailors and citizens, aided by fire tugs and a few engines. Victory rewarded their efforts, and the entrapped people were saved.

Sunday, for the first time in nearly 200 years, the church bells did not call the people to worship. Most of the churches had been converted into rubbish heaps by earthquake and fire. The few still standing were filled with homeless, sick, and injured. But there were religious services—services in the parks and open spaces where the homeless were camping in tents and under trees—services of thankfulness that so many were saved where so many were in peril and of gratitude for the generosity of a nation which responded so nobly and so promptly to avert a famine.

50,000 Homeless Chant Hymns.
In the midst of San Francisco's ruin and desolation Sunday 50,000 homeless people in Golden Gate Park united their voices in this hymn:
Other refuge I have none; hangs my helpless soul on Thee.
Leave, oh leave me not alone; still support and comfort me.
All my trust on Thee I stay, all my help from Thee I bring.
Cover my defenseless head with the shadow of Thy wing.

City a Vast Ash Heap.
No better description can be given to the once beautiful city than that of a vast ash heap. Desolation and ruin greet the eye from every direction, viewing the scene from the center of the business district. Golden Gate Park and the Presidio are great camps in which over 200,000 men, women and children are patiently waiting until they can say they have homes of their own. They are living under martial rule with an uncompelling resignation, enduring hardships which they never dreamed of, yet without a murmur.

All day the sight is presented of thousands standing in line before the food supply depots, waiting for their daily allotment of rations. The man who counted his wealth by thousands is not above standing elbow to elbow with the man who was in the humblest circumstances four days before the disaster. The woman who rode in an automobile and commanded an army of servants receives her bread from the poor washwoman who has been supplied, and shows no sign of pride.

Hope Rises Anew.
When the reign of terror was over in the stricken city, reason returned to its throne. Public confidence in the future of San Francisco—the belief that the worst had happened and that the day had passed for grieving—was made manifest Saturday by a return flow of refugees who fled from the city while it was rocking on its foundations and withering beneath the flames.

The return movement of the refugees is one of many signs telling of the new order of things that had been established. Martial law was the stern force that crushed the lawless element and afforded protection to the law-abiding citizens who were helpless in their extremity. The combined strength of the federal troops, the State militia, the police, and the students from the University of California achieved the first step toward the restoration of order.

In the reckoning up of the extent of the disaster conservative minds hesitated. The nearest approach to the aggregated destruction of life and property is estimated as follows: Number of lives lost, 2,500; property destroyed, \$400,000,000. The boundaries of the fire-swept district include at least three-fourths of the city's area.

Downtown wholesale and retail districts are complete ruins, few buildings in these districts standing. The greater part of the residence section also is ruined and the fire swept through sections where homes of wealthier class resided.

Temporary business houses have been opened at Oakland, across the bay, and every preparation possible is being made for reopening business houses in San Francisco itself. As fast as ruins can be cleared away temporary structures will replace destroyed business houses.

ALL HUMANITY HEEDS APPEAL.

Flood of Material Aid to Stricken City Has No Parallel in History.

With spontaneity and liberality without a parallel in history the whole civilized world answered the unvoiced appeal of ruined San Francisco. Not only from every city, town and hamlet in this country, but from over every sea came news that all humanity in its profound sympathy was showering material aid upon the stricken city and its beggared people. No more amazing instance of world wide generosity ever has been recorded.

In the list of generous contributors, New York City ranked next to the government itself and has far exceeded the federal contribution. Saturday night the New York fund amounted to approximately \$2,000,000 with contributions coming in fast. The State of Massachusetts undertook to raise \$3,000,000. Chicago's fund, spontaneously subscribed, promised to go beyond \$1,000,000. Philadelphia sent \$500,000. These are but a few of the larger sums. A score or more of cities contributed \$100,000 and more, while hundreds of municipalities sent all their means would allow. From London, Paris, Berlin and wherever Americans are congregated a generous inflow of gold came.

Wholly foreign contributions, while deeply appreciated, were not accepted, according to the precedent established by the President in declining a gift of \$25,000 from a German steamship line. America, though touched by the evidence of foreign generosity, felt able to care for its own.

Nor was the work of raising relief funds confined to the large cities. From every section, every State, came the news of contributions made by small towns. Not large in themselves, but their aggregate has been enormous. Uncounted thousands sent their contributions and the grand total of the relief fund will probably never be known.

WILLING TO GIVE, BUT CAN'T.

Roosevelt's Announcement Stops Golden Flood from Europe.

The eyes of Europe have been turned to America in such absorbing interest that the public affairs of the old world have been ignored temporarily. The cable told of the almost unexpressed hopes of human sympathy which the news of California's calamity brought from every land and people under the sun. This universal leveling of all the national boundaries which ordinarily divide mankind was commented on.

Europe longed to give practical expression of its sincerity. It would have poured a willing stream of gold into the coffers of the Red Cross. The only thing which held back a flood of gifts was the report in Washington that no foreign contributions were needed or desired. Offers of foreign contributions have come from many quarters, but all were declined with the warmest expression of the President's appreciation of the thoughtful generosity which prompted the offers.

Scenes Become Insane.

Hundreds were driven into a state approaching madness by the scenes of destruction, death and devastation in San Francisco—scenes never before approached in America. Scores of others actually have become insane. The population, after a wild night of terror, passed on the bare pavements of the streets or in the little public squares. Thursday, faced the torments of hunger and thirst. The crazed mob was hemmed in by thousands of regular soldiers from the Presidio. The indescribable hideousness of the wild, ravaging orgies of the dozens of the underworld of San Francisco—the scum of the whole earth—shocked women and children who wandered in the streets in scant attire, exhausted, thirsty, hungry. Some died from exposure.

Awful Fate of Chinese.

There is another unconsidered factor which adds to the list of probable death. Chinatown was built three stories above the street and three below it, and all was destroyed. The Chinese had run their tunnels, chambers and secret passages fifty feet below ground. These were always populated, especially at night. As they were not timbered, these tunnels must have caved in, for the shock was strong enough at the point to overthrow some of the old rookeries. The things which must have happened down there in the bowels of the earth:

Bury Dead in Trenches.

San Francisco buried its dead in trenches all over the city, and in some instances more than fifteen bodies have been placed in a single ditch. There was no time for transportation to cemeteries, and to leave the dead uncovered meant pestilence. So in public squares, in vacant lots, in jagged holes made by the earthquake's shock, all that was left of rich and poor alike was thrown. Most of them to remain there unburied.

Mint Reported Safe.

The United States mint at San Francisco escaped serious damage from the earthquake and the resulting conflagration and its stock of gold and silver coin and bullion, amounting to about \$39,000,000, is reported safe.

Brief News Items.

One of the first wagons to arrive at the Mechanics' Pavilion brought a whole family—father, mother and three children—all dead except the baby.

Bankers who examined vaults in some of the burned banks found them intact and currency probably safe. As Californians use little paper money, the actual loss of currency will be comparatively small.

A man buried under the Temple of Justice was fearfully wounded and could not escape. He begged a policeman to kill him. The latter fired a shot, but missed him. Then a pedestrian cut the arteries of his wrists and he died.

At Salinas the town practically was destroyed, and the damage to property is estimated at upward of \$1,000,000, with ten reported dead. Sacramento, Stockton, Watsonville and other towns report huge damage. Redwood City, Menlo Park, and Burlingame also suffered.

Across the bay from San Francisco the destruction was great. At Berkeley, the seat of the University of California, many buildings were thrown down, and the university buildings themselves were cracked, damaged, and shaken to their foundations. The dead in Oakland, Alameda and Berkeley are numerous, but no detailed accounts or records have been received.

Three hundred inmates of the insane asylum at Agnew, Cal., were killed by the collapse of the building. One hundred escaped and roamed at large.

Shylocks, greedy beyond belief, were among the many brands of vermin and leeches to seize the famishing and threatened multitude. Bread was sold at \$1 a loaf, water 50 cents a glass, canned goods \$1.50 a can and meat \$3 a pound. This is absolutely the greatest disaster that ever overcame an American city and one of the great fires of history. Beside the Chicago, Boston and Baltimore fires are almost unimportant. No American city ever was so completely destroyed as this.

STORY OF THE DISASTER TOLD IN PARAGRAPHS

Here is told in paragraphic form the story of the destruction of San Francisco. It is hard to realize the frightful calamity that has befallen the Golden Gate City until the full import of the subjoined summary has been impressed upon the mind and brain by reading and re-reading the awful record.

Thousands of residents fled from the city.

An embargo was placed on all food supplies.

The \$2,000,000 new postoffice building is a wreck.

Three hundred thousand persons were made homeless.

No newspapers were published Thursday or Friday.

Cavalry and infantry patrolled the downtown streets.

Many dropped dead in the streets from heat and suffocation.

The flame-swept area is nearly fifteen square miles in extent.

The Moreland Academy at Watsonville was wrecked and burned.

Firemen were suffocated in the street by gas from broken mains.

The tunnel on the Santa Fe road, several miles out of town, caved in.

Scores of maniacs are in rages, blasted by dynamite and leveled by fire.

Fearing a tidal wave, steamship companies held in port vessels due to sail.

Most of the docks and warehouses on the water front were saved by fire tugs.

The Leland Stanford, Jr., University at Palo Alto was almost completely destroyed.

The Spreckels sugar factory, three miles from Salinas, was destroyed with loss of \$1,500,000.

The government's estimate of the loss sustained in United States army and navy stores is \$3,500,000.

San Francisco's financiers and merchants, gathered at Oakland to plan rebuilding of the city.

Details of troops guarded the water front to prevent the frantic people from destroying themselves.

Thousands of dollars in money and gems were secretly buried in the earth by the frenzied populace.

The gas works was blown up with dynamite to prevent leaks in the downtown district which caused fires.

The smoke that arose from the business district took the shape of a funnel and could be seen far out at sea.

Scores of injured in the Mechanics' Pavilion, which was used as an emergency hospital, were burned to death.

In the collapse of the Kingsley hotel, a cheap hostelry on Seventh street, seventy persons were crushed to death.

Lives by the score and property by the tens of millions of dollars have been lost through a dozen California cities.

The sheds over the Union Pacific's wharf on San Francisco bay collapsed, sending hundreds of tons of coal into the sea.

Living victims of the disaster were dug out of the ruins of buildings collapsed by the earthquake, but which escaped the fire.

Crowds of frantic citizens strove to beat their way into the banks. The troops beat them off. No bank in the city was open.

Nothing worthy of the name of a building in the business district and not more than half of the residence district escaped.

The old adobe mission Dolores, built more than 100 years ago, and the nucleus of the town of Yerba Buena, was destroyed.

The greatest death rate was in the poorer districts. The ruins of one cheap hotel on Eddy street was found filled with bodies.

The fire that overwhelmed the city spared only some of the homes of the rich. The poor lost everything save what they carried away.

The reports indicate that the property loss outside of San Francisco will be enormous, running into the scores of millions of dollars.

Skeleton walls that totter with each breath of air threaten to crush the soldiers guarding the ruins of banks and other property.

The pastor of St. Francis' church, on the slope of Telegraph Hill, gathered his flock about him on the sidewalk and held a prayer meeting.

Chinatown is a ruin. Hundreds of celestials were crushed to death when their rookeries fell. The flames finished the work of destruction.

While the center of the earthquake destruction seems to have been in San Francisco, reports from other cities show appalling loss of life.

For days there was no street car service in San Francisco, and every vehicle was pressed into service to haul away the dead and the dying.

Dynamite, gun cotton and cannon were used to blow up buildings, whole blocks being destroyed at a time in efforts to stop the spread of the fire.

The Cliff House, one of the finest pleasure resorts in the country, was shaken from its place on a rocky cape and plunged out of sight into the sea.

The property loss at Salinas will reach \$2,500,000; San Jose, \$1,000,000; Napa, \$300,000; Palo Alto, \$2,225,000; Vallejo, \$10,000; Agnew, \$300,000.

The famous C. P. Huntington art collection, bequeathed to Metropolitan Museum of Art of New York, has been destroyed in the Huntington mansion on Nob Hill.

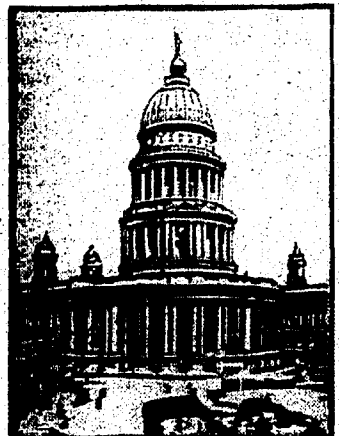
The State Insurance Commissioner announced that many fire insurance companies have decided to pay dollar for dollar for their policies, not distinguishing fire from earthquake losses.

The Metropolitan Grand Opera company, playing at the Grand theater, which was burned, lost all its scenery. The members of the cast, including Caruso, Tammes and Fremstad, lost their costumes.

The work of the regular soldiers in suppressing disorder, preventing looting, etc., is reported worthy of the greatest praise. Everywhere they showed the highest degree of courage.

Several innocent men were shot for standing by soldiers. One man was killed for washing his hands in previous drinking water. A bank clerk searching the ruins of his bank after the earthquake.

The fire, which was believed under control late Friday afternoon, after burning Russian hill and Telegraph hill, broke out afresh in the evening and threatened the water front from Bay street to Meigs' wharf, where thousands of refugees were gathered.

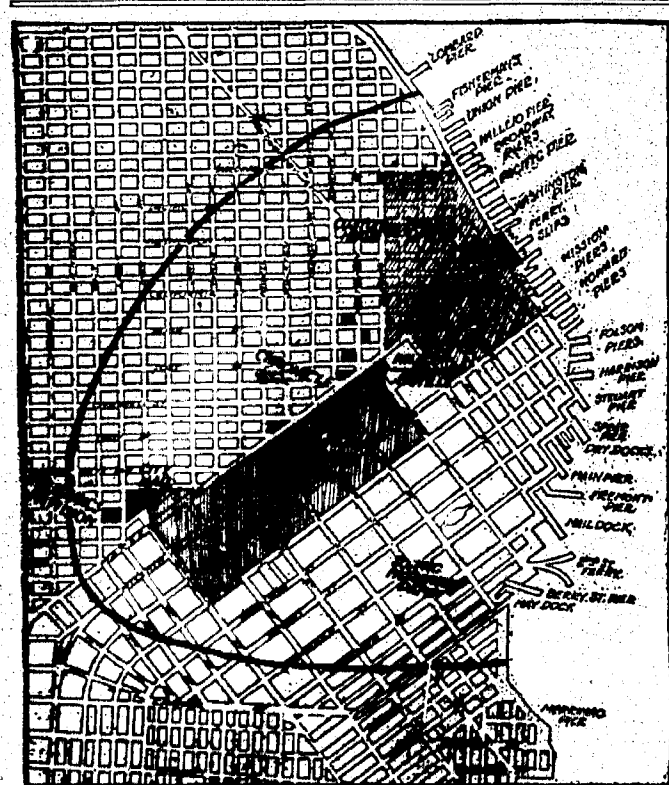


THE CITY HALL.

tion of the city was disturbed and a large proportion turned into the streets. The communication with the outside world quickly was cut off.

Swiftly the seismic visitant came, and as swiftly did it go. Behind was a trail of dead and dying. And after that the flames! Nature, that rolled the earth into waves and struck down great piles of stone and marble, furnished a dismal and dreadful aftermath in a tempest of wind. The wind fanned the flames and the flames speedily completed the horrifying work of the earthquake.

Thousands undoubtedly owe their lives to the early hour at which the seismic shocks brought their wide-



AREAS OF DESTRUCTION IN SAN FRANCISCO.

The black line incloses the district in which the earthquake did the greatest damage—the shaded portions of the map show the areas of the big fires in the skyscraper and wholesale districts.

spread ruin. The district most damaged in the business portion of the town. At the time of the shock—6:13 a.m.—these structures practically were deserted, and their collapse caused comparatively little loss of life. A few hours later and they would have been veritable human beehives. Then

conflagration. Powder, dynamite and other explosives were tried on the blazing piles of debris.

On Market street merchants stood in their doors calling loudly for wagons and offering big sums to the drivers who would load up with their goods. Carried by a strong breeze, the

PENSIONERS

Your jobber or direct from Factory, Purch.

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SEND WRITING TO ADVERTISING PLACES WHERE YOU SAW THE advertisement in this paper.

Crawford Avalanche.

O. PALMER, Editor and Proprietor.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year.....\$1 00
Six Months......75
Three Months......50

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, APR. 26.

State of Michigan Proclamation by the Governor.

To the people of the state of Michigan:
A calamity, appalling in its magnitude and in the suffering it has caused, has befallen the people of California. They have received assurances of sympathy from every country of the civilized world. The people of the United States are called upon to do more than send sympathy, and the opportunity is presented to us as citizens of the State of Michigan to prove that we are responsive to the call for aid from a stricken sister state. It is a time when it should be remembered that "he gives twice who gives quickly." The co-operation of mayors of cities, presidents of villages and other officials is asked in getting this matter before the people by calling public meetings or by taking such steps as they may deem best adapted to bring about the result which it is our plain duty to accomplish. The aid of churches, fraternal societies and other organizations, is requested, and the good work that can be done now by the press cannot be over-estimated.

Every contribution, large or small, sent to me for the relief of the sufferers of California will be at once acknowledged and transmitted to the proper authorities.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Michigan, at Lansing, this twentieth day of April, (SEAL) in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and thirtieth.

FRED M. WARNER.

By the Governor:

GEORGE A. PRESCOTT,
Secretary of State.

State of Michigan Proclamation by the Governor.

ARBOR DAY 1906

To the people of the state of Michigan, greeting:

In accordance with a custom established in wisdom, I hereby designate Friday, April 27, 1906, as Arbor Day for the State of Michigan, and recommend to the people thereof the universal observance of the day, especially by the schools and public institutions. The citizen who plants a tree performs an act of patriotism, adds something to the beauty of the State, and makes a substantial gift to future generations.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Michigan, at Lansing, this sixth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and thirtieth.

FRED M. WARNER.

By the Governor:

GEORGE A. PRESCOTT,
Secretary of State.

Additional Local Matter.

M. A. Bates made a business trip to Bay City the first of the week.

Game Warden, E. Purchase is home again, in better condition than ever to care for violations of the law. We are glad to notice his recovery of health.

Peter Brown is in Beaver Creek, moving the school house from the Hanna District to the site where the house of District No. 1 was lately burned. He will also move a building while there for Dr. Montgomery.

A Horrible Suicide.

Guy Richardson, twenty-three years of age, who has been a camp cook in this section most of the time for the past three years, but for about three months has been engaged in a like capacity in a Drive, in the woods west of this village, committed suicide in that place by drinking carbolic acid, last Tuesday evening. He has no criminal record and, had been of good general reputation, and evidently had received a fair early education. It is reported that his parents are highly respectable people living at Kalamazoo.

As nearly as can be learned he had become enamored of a courtisan, known as Julia Destroy, evidently his senior, who lured him to this place, becoming his paramour.

From her and others it is found that he desired her to leave with him, and that she refused, and after days of unavailing persuasion, he became desperate and came to the village and bought the poison. Returning to the house, in the presence of the woman he drank a quantity, and wanted her to drink of it, which she refused to do, and he drank more and threw the bottle from him, and died before the arrival of Dr. Insley, who was hastily summoned.

The Sheriff, Pres. Att'y and Justice

Niederer, acting as coroner, investigated the matter. The coroner deciding that no further inquest was necessary, the body was ordered removed to Sorenson's morgue, to await advice from his family, if they could be found or buried in the Potter's field.

Another life gone wrong, and blotted out. What next?

Proceedings of the Common Council.

[OFFICIAL.]

Grayling, April 23, 1906.

Special meeting of the Common Council convened at the Court House. John F. Hum, President in the chair.

Present Trustees: Michelson, McCullough, Connine, Amidon, Peterson, and Brink.

Meeting called to order by the President.

Proclamation from Governor Fred M. Warner of State of Michigan read, regarding the California earthquake.

Moved by Michelson, supported by Peterson that the sum of fifty dollars be donated by the Village of Grayling for the relief of the San Francisco earthquake sufferers, and that the Finance Committee be instructed to prepare subscription lists to be left at each drug store for the same purpose.

Motion Carried.

Moved by Amidon, supported by Michelson that the communication of the G. A. R. be referred to the Finance Committee to be reported on at the next meeting. Motion carried.

Moved by McCullough, supported by Brink that the bond of Thos. Nolan as village marshal with Walter Jorgenson and J. A. Everett as sureties for two hundred dollars, be approved and placed on file. Motion Carried.

Moved by Michelson, supported by Connine that the liquor bond of Christopher Hanson be approved. Motion carried.

Moved by McCullough, supported by Connine that the liquor bond of W. Fischer be approved. Motion carried.

Moved by Peterson, supported by Michelson that the liquor bond of Joseph C. Burton be approved. Motion carried.

Moved by Connine, supported by Brink that the resignation of C. O. McCullough, as member board of review be accepted. Motion carried.

Moved by McCullough, supported by Brink that John Leece be appointed as Member of the Board of Review of the Village of Grayling. Motion carried.

Moved by Michelson, supported by Connine that the Clerk be instructed to purchase blank forms as listed by the street Committee. Motion carried.

Moved by McCullough, supported by Connine, that the bill of Salling, Hanson & Co., for \$11.90 be allowed and an order drawn for the same. Motion carried.

Moved by Connine, supported by Peterson, that the bill of the Campbell Gravel Co., for \$74.92 be allowed and an order drawn for the same. Motion carried.

Moved and supported, that an ordinance be adopted, entitled an ordinance to prohibit the sale of certain firearms, firecrackers and fireworks, within the Village of Grayling. Motion carried.

Moved and supported that an ordinance be adopted, entitled an ordinance relative to licensing of dogs. Motion carried.

Moved and supported that we adjourn. Motion prevailed.

H. P. OLSON,
Village Clerk.

Grange Items.

The first Grange social of the season was held at the residence of Perry Osterander, and was a success both socially and financially. The Sisters brought well filled lunch boxes and the Brothers brought their appetites and by combining the two, insured success.

The Grange has now the largest number of members in good standing since its organization, and is receiving from one to four applications each meeting.

The committee is now busy in selecting and negotiating for a site on which to build a "Patrons Home," not only for their own comfort, but also proper sheds for the comfort of their teams whenever they come to town. Several very desirable sites have been offered and at the last meeting the committee asked for and was granted more time to consider the different propositions.

The Grange has come to stay and every wage earner in the land has received benefits from its work. Ten members will enter the educational corn contest for 1906.

COM.

Presbyterian Church.

Services next Sabbath at 10:30 and 7:30.

At the morning worship the subject of the sermon will be: "Onesiphorus not ashamed of Paul's chains;" and in the evening: "Complete in Christ."

There will be a congregational meeting at the church on Wednesday, May 2 at the close of the prayer meeting. All members of the congregation are requested to be present, as matters of importance will come before the meeting.

M. E. Church.

Saturday evening the 28th, will be Quarterly Conference at M. E. Church. Sunday, April 29th. 10:30 a. m. Preaching and Lords Supper. Sunday School at the close of preaching service.

3 p. m., Junior League.
3 p. m., Gospel Meeting at Mission.
6 p. m., Senior League.

7:30 p. m., Preaching. Presiding Elder Moon will preach. Thursday evening prayer meeting at the church.

Judge Correspondence.

Mrs. Jos. Douglas went to Grayling Monday returning Tuesday morning. She went to see the new grandson.

Dr. Underhill has gone to Buffalo, N. Y. on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Dyer went to Grayling Monday.

Ray Owen received a postal from Mr. L. C. Smith last week in which Mr. Smith informs him of his position in a mill near Astoria, Oregon. His friends here wish him success in his new location.

A dance at Mr. Dyer's four miles down the river, on Friday night and another one at Mrs. Sim's boarding house Saturday night, surely afforded enough amusement for the gay and festive.

A maple sugar party at Mrs. Sim's boarding house on Thursday night. Don't you wish you had been there?

Mr. and Mrs. Sloan have come to Lovells to live.

SELIN.

State Fair's New Buildings.

That the exhibitors of cattle, sheep and swine and other exhibits at the State Fair will be housed in buildings this year, instead of under tents as was necessary last year, will be welcomed by every stock owner in the state.

The Society has commenced the erection of five cattle, two sheep and two swine barns, each one to be 28 feet by 250 feet. One Dairy, one Agricultural and one Poultry building, each 40 feet by 150 feet. One Horticultural building, 70 feet by 150 feet. One Band Stand, 32 feet by 36 feet and two stables for Speed Horses, each 40 feet by 160 feet.

The plans for each of these buildings, calls for them to be perfectly sanitary and of the latest style of architecture.

The contracts also require the work to be completed at least one month before the Fair, August 30th—September 7th thus insuring comfortable quarters for every exhibit.

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford,
In Chancery.

CLARA OCAMBE
Complainant.

vs.
CHARLES H. OCAMBE
Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, in Chancery, at the Village of Grayling, in said County, on the Seventeenth day of April, A. D. 1906.

In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendant Charles H. Ocambe is concealed within the State of Michigan. On motion of O. Palmer complainant's solicitor it is ordered that the said defendant Charles H. Ocambe cause his appearance to be entered herein three months from the date of this order and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said defendant.

And it is further ordered, That within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the CRAWFORD AVANCE, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that she cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said defendant at least twenty days before the time above described for his appearance.

NELSON SHARPE,
O. PALMER, Circuit Judge.
Solicitor for Complainant.

apr26-6w

Doctors Are Puzzled.

The remarkable recovery of Kenneth Melver, of Vancoboro, Me., is the subject of much interest to the medical fraternity and a wide circle of friends. He says of his case: "Owing to severe inflammation of the Throat and congestion of the Lungs, three doctors gave me up to die, when, as a last resort, I was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery and I am happy to say, it saved my life." Cures the worst Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Tonsillitis, Weak Lungs, Hoarseness and La Grippe. Guaranteed at L. Fournier's drug store. 50¢ and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

COM.

A MATTER OF HEALTH



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Waltham, Hamilton and Ball's

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Rings of all description.

Chased, Oval, Band, Signet and

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On Monthly Payments.

Call at the photograph gallery and

see the fine frames and enlarge por-

traits made by M. Laur of Gaylord,

Mich.

Our work is an entire new pro-

cess which is sure to please.

We furnish pictures and frame (any

size) on the following terms: One dol-

lar when picture is delivered, and bal-

ance in small payments of one dollar

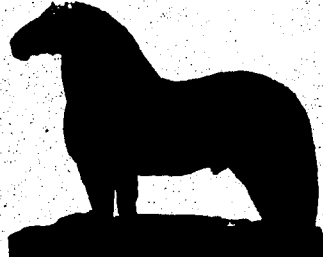
per month.

See our work, get prices and

leave your orders with

MRS. L. J. MARTIN, Photographer

April 19— Grayling, Mich.



"INTENDANT"

—THE—

Black Percheron Stallion.

His Record number is 34620

(58,913)

—OWNED BY—

Grayling Black Percheron Breeding As'n.

GRAYLING, - - MICH.

Foaled April 15 1901; bred by M.

Provost, Commune of Ceton, Depart-

ment of Oren, got by "Regulateur 25,"

(43,441); he by "Julia" (37,987);

he by "Hilars 13,109" (8081); he by

"Bran 5,317" (1,630); he by "Brilliant

1,271" (755); he by "Brilliant 1899"

(756); he by "Coco 11," (714); he by

"Niexchaalin," (713); he by "Coco,"

(712); he by "Mignon," (715); he by

"Jeanne-Blanc," (739).

Dam "Rosetta" (48,206); by "Para-

dox" (40,254); he by "Isolin 16,907,"

(27,498); he by "Brilliant 111, 11,116,"

(2919); he by "Fenelon 2682," (38);

he by "Brilliant 1271," (755); he by "Bril-

liant 1899," (756); he by "Coco 11,"

(714); he by "Niexchaalin," (713); he

by "Coco," (712); he by "Mignon," (715);

he by "Jeanne-Blanc," (739).

Fourth Dam, "Savignac," he by

"Rochefort 11,228," (14,837); he by

"Bannonet 3,465," (51); he by "Ver-

mouth 1820," (787); he by "Vidoca

483," (742); he by "Coco 11," (714);

he by "Niexchaalin," (713); he by "Co-

co" (712); he by "Mignon," (715); he by

"Jeanne-Blanc," (739).

INTENDANT is a dapple Black, has

good disposition, fine action, is five

years old and weighs over 1700 pounds.

Will stand in Crawford and Ros-

common Counties during season of

1906.

For terms, location and dates see

cards.

T. E. BARNBY, Groom.

HUGO SCHRIEBER, Sec.

April 19—

Pere Cheney, Mich.

1878. 1906.

The Pioneer Store

With you for over a quarter of a Century.

FIRST CLASS GOODS!

RIGHT PRICES!

Always Our Motto.

We are headquarters for

Groceries & Provisions,

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS,

SHOES, HARDWARE,

FLOUR, FEED,

LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES,

BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND.

Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Salling, Hanson & Co.

Our Spring Greeting.

Buy your Spring Clothing

AT THE STORE OF

A. KRAUS & SON,

(The leading Dry Goods Merchants)

And save your Dollars.

The purpose of this announcement is to call your attention to our

fine display of Spring Merchandise. Here everything is new,

stylish and beautiful, and within the reach of your pocket book.

FOR THE WIFE: Smart Skirts, Waists, Muslin Underwear, Fine Summer Dress Goods for Easter Sunday.

FOR THE HUSBAND: Stylish Spring Suits, Easter Sunday, Suits, Hats and Trousers.

FOR THE BOY: Stylish Easter Suits, Dependable School Suits in new styles and patterns.

Headquarters for Battenberg Patterns, Braids, Thread and Rings.

Also a large line of Stamped Linen.

A. KRAUS & SON,

Leading One Price Store,

Grayling, Mich.

Grayling, Mich.

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Grayling, Mich.

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, APR. 26

Local and Neighbored News.

Take Notice.

The date following your address on this paper shows to what time your subscription is paid. Our terms are one dollar per year IN ADVANCE. If your time is up, please renew promptly. A X following your name means we want our money.

All advertisements, communications, correspondence, etc., must reach us by Tuesday noon, and can not be considered later.

Photos \$1.00 a dozen and up.

Photo Buttons at the Novelty Gallery.

Your Next. Get your Sun Cured at Sorenson's. 4 for 25c.

Tomorrow is Arbor Day. Plant a tree.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Jens Michelson, April 21st, a daughter.

Penny photos at the Novelty Gallery.

Souvenir Post Cards at the Novelty Gallery.

The man who puts off generally gets put off.

Fishing Tackle of all descriptions, at Fournier's Drug Store.

Think straight and you can not be crooked.

Get busy now. 4 pkgs Sun Cured for 25c. J. W. SORENSON.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. James McNeven, April 17th, a daughter.

Your credit is good with Laur. See his offer in another column.

Every moment is the right moment for the man who has pluck.

Base Ball Goods at Fournier's Drug Store.

Only he who keeps his honor can never be dishonored.

Be pleasant until 10 o'clock in the morning; the rest of the day will take care of itself.

FOR SALE—Village lots, in the best part of town for sale cheap on easy terms. Apply at this office.

Mrs. H. E. Moon of Beaver Creek has recovered fairly from a two-weeks battle with LaGrippe.

The School officers and Truant officers are doing their duty under the compulsory education law.

Mrs. Thomas Webb has returned from Bay County, and home again on the farm near Frederic.

Sheriff Stillwell has, with the aid of his prisoners, cleaned up the Courthouse yard in fine shape.

Rings of all descriptions sizes and shapes at Andrew Peterson's jewelry store.

County Clerk Collen has moved out to Portage for the summer to get ready for expected guests.

FOR SALE—A good young mare, first class driver, also buggy and cutter, almost new. Jas. Jorgenson.

A. M. Nelson, two miles south east of Grayling, has a good two-year-old Shorthorn, for service. Terms \$1.00.

For sewing machines, the best in the market, and at the lowest price, call at the AVALANCHE office.

Get your jewelry work and watch repairing done at A. Peterson's jewelry store.

A cord of old papers for sale at this office. Just right to put under carpets, or on the pantry shelves.

Cheboygan Ice Cream at Mrs. Flagg & Co. 35c per quart. Also 5c and 10c dishes.

I will sell all or part of my furniture much of it newly new, also canned fruit. FLORA MARVIN.

Call at the Photo Gallery and see samples of enlarged work made by Laur.

Laur will make you one of those large portraits from small photo, on monthly payments. See samples at Photo Gallery.

FOR SALE—A ladies bicycle, Hudson make, for sale cheap. Enquire at this office.

Eggs for sale from thorough bred Buff Leghorns. \$1.25 per 15, \$2.25 per 30. Address OSCAR CHARRON, Frederic, Mich. apr 26-2w

Floyd Moon and wife of Beaver Creek are the happy parents of a nine pound boy, born the 10th inst. A New Moon.

Dr. W. A. Montgomery, at his farm in Beaver Creek, will supply you with Standard Commercial fertilizers, of guaranteed purity. He carries five sorts, adapted to different soils and crops. Prices right.

M. Hanson has moved his bank building into the street, as permitted by the Council, where he will continue business until the new brick building is completed. It will be 26x50 feet, and fitted with all the modern conveniences for banking, and safety and a nice starter for our village in the line of permanent business blocks.

If, perchance, a copy of this paper should fall into the hands of any who are in search of a new location—a place where church, school, and social advantages are given emphasis, and where you can live out your allotted number of years without fear of pestilence or famine, we say, like one of old, "Come thou with us and we will do thee good."

Call on A. Kraus for all kinds of fishing tackle. He handles none but the best.

Dr. S. N. Insley was appointed Health officer by the township board, at their meeting, Tuesday.

May 4th the Citizens Band will give the City Minstrel show at the opera house. Look out for the biggest time ever.

The carpet rag sewing bee, at Henry Moon's, in Beaver Creek last week, was a success especially at the dinner table, and everybody happy.

The township property in the village will be improved and beautified by setting trees, etc., under supervision of the Supervisor and Clerk.

A four inch fall of "The Beautiful," Sunday, was welcomed by our people to warm up the earth and moisten the flower and garden seeds which had been planted.

Bishop Williams and Rev. W. S. Sayres, of the Episcopal church will hold service at the Presbyterian church, Monday evening, April 30, at 7.30. Everybody welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Wright were happily surprised one day last week by a visit from his brother, A. F. Wright of St. Louis, who stopped on his way to the copper country.

Myron Dyer and wife, from Dam 4, in Maple Forest were in town Monday on business, and shopping. Mrs. Dyer is not enjoying as good health as she or her friends would like.

The night watch, Thos. Ngian, was granted \$5.00 per month by the township board in addition to his salary from the village, and a good officer makes it a good investment.

Mrs. Iva McClellan, of Manistique, formerly Miss Iva High of this village, arrived last week to visit old friends and assist her mother Mrs. Wm. Woodburn, in moving and settling in their new home in Yale.

A business meeting of the Epworth League of the M. E. church was held at the parsonage, Tuesday, April 24th. Nine new members were received. Coffee and cake were served, and a good social time was enjoyed.

Entrance Club met at the home of Mrs. Sparkes April 18th. A nice time was had by all. They departed at 7 o'clock to meet with Mrs. Shook, May 2. Ladies are requested to bring a shingle, as it will be the hostess birthday.

Charles Howland has returned from his visit at Lapeer and has his gang at work manufacturing cement blocks. We learn that he has brought home his bride, Miss Beatie O. Flanagan, of Alba, Lapeer county, to whom he was married on the 11th inst. We are glad to welcome them to our citizenship.

At a meeting of the Township Board Tuesday, the local Telephone Co. were granted the use of the highways for their lines, to be erected in a certain, under direction of the Highway Commissioner. The work is already under way, and we will soon "Hello" all over the country.

Hans Peterson, our new Grocer, had arranged, over a year ago, with the Fish Commissioner for six cans of Trout which he expected to plant near Lewiston, but having changed his residence to this village, has permission to plant them in Portage, where they will make a fine addition to those received by Co. Clerk Collen.

The question of repair of bridges in the village by the Council was discussed, being brought up by a presentation of a bill from the village to the township for labor and material which it had furnished without consultation with the township authorities, who by statute are responsible for the care of bridges in the village. The bill was laid on the table, but will probably be amicably settled.

The citizens of our village will be glad to know that there will be a hole in the ground at some point on the south side of the river, as near 3,000 feet deep as R. Hanson shall decide to go, and not less than 2,800 feet, unless he should find all he wants before that depth is reached. The contract is signed, and work will begin at once. Every body knows that Mr. Hanson does not do business by halves, and would not invest twelve or fifteen thousand dollars in this way if he had not faith in the outcome, which we hope may far exceed his expectations.

The "Old Man" got frisky last Saturday and attempted to out do his wife in her athletic feat of falling down cellar. He took a "high and lofty" header from his wheel, on the pavement in front of the P. O., attempting to move the building from its foundation, and smash a hole in the cement walk with his nose. If there is a square inch of his anatomy not bruised he has failed to discover it, but he keeps right on "sawing wood."

Wm. Woodburn and family started for their new home in Yale in this state, last Tuesday. Mr. Woodburn is one of the oldest residents of this county and has ever been held in the highest esteem. He was Supervisor, Clerk, and Treasurer of the township of Center Plains during many years of his residence there and was elected Treasurer of the county about 1884 and served four years, and again from 1892 to 1896. His integrity as an officer or as a citizen could never be successfully assailed. He was a soldier in the war of the rebellion and suffered the "Hell of Andersonville" from the effects of which he is now almost a physical wreck, and incapable of transacting business. He is a F. & A. M. and R. A. M., and an honored member of the G. A. R., of which he has been twice elected Commander. They bear with them the highest regards of all our people and their wishes for a happy and long continued life.

A Chance for Bargains.

Mrs. Jeanette Woodworth, will offer for sale her household furniture, at the millinery store last occupied by her, which will be open afternoons and, for a time in the evening until the goods are disposed of. Anyone dealing in the goods are invited to call and inspect the same, and get prices.

Human Blood Marks.

A tale of horror was told by marks of human blood in the home of J. W. Williams, a well known merchant of Bac, Ky. He writes: "Twenty years ago I had severe hemorrhages of the lungs, and was near death when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery. It completely cured me and I have remained well ever since." It cures Hemorrhages, Chronic Coughs, Settled Colds and Bronchitis, and is the only known cure for Weak Lungs. Every bottle guaranteed by L. Fournier, Druggist. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

A Lucky Postmistress

is Mrs. Alexander, of Cary, Me., who has found Dr. King's New Life Pills to be the best remedy she ever tried for keeping the Stomach, Liver and Bowels in perfect order. You'll agree with her if you try these painless purifiers that infuse new life. Guaranteed by L. Fournier, druggist. Price 25c.

GIRLS WANTED:—Between the ages of 16 and 30 to work in the silk factories. Clean light work; good wages; steady employment. For particulars address BELDING BROS. & CO. Belding, Mich.

Devil's Island Torture

is no worse than the terrible case of Piles that afflicted me ten 10 years. Then I was advised to apply Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and less than a box permanently cured me, writes L. S. Napier, of Rugles, Ky. Heals all wounds, Burns and sores like magic. 25c at L. Fournier, druggist.

WANTED:—by Chicago wholesale and mail order house, assistant manager (man or woman) for this county and adjoining territory. Salary \$20 and expenses paid weekly; expense money advanced. Work pleasant; position permanent. No investment or experience required. Spare time valuable. Write at once for full particulars and enclosed self-addressed envelope. SUPERINTENDENT, 132 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

Is The Moon Inhabited.

Science has proven that the moon has an atmosphere, which makes life in some form possible on that satellite; but not for human beings, who have a hard enough time on this earth of ours; especially those who don't know that Electric Bitters cure Headache, Biliousness, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Kidney complaints, General Debility and Female weakness. Unequaled as a general Tonic and Appetizer for weak persons and especially for the aged. It induces sound sleep. Fully guaranteed by L. Fournier, Druggist. Price only 50c.

Green—"My wife sent \$2 in answer to an advertisement of a sure method of getting rid of superfluous fat."

Brown—"And did she get the desired information?"

Green—"Well, she got a'reply telling her to sell it to the soap man."

Am. Jour. Surg. and Gyn.

A Lively Tussle

with that old enemy of the race, Constipation, often ends in Appendicitis. To avoid all serious trouble with Stomach, Liver and Bowels, take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They perfectly regulate these organs, without pain or discomfort. 25c at L. Fournier, druggist.

For Sale or Rent.

A complete butcher shop, with tools and everything ready for business. A good opportunity for the right man. Address, Mrs. W. M. Medcalf, Grayling, Mich. apr 26-1m

Prof. S. G. Searight, the optician, is now at the Central Hotel. Will remain until Wednesday, April 25th. Glasses furnished and fitted at reasonable prices. Will be at Northern Hotel Roscommon, April 26th, to May 1st 6 A. M.

Supervisors Proceedings.

(Concluded.)

Moved by Sup. Richardson supported by Buck that a committee be formed to regulate and manage the exhibit for the state fair. Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Richardson, that J. J. Collen be appointed Secretary of the State Fair Committee. Motion prevailed.

Moved and supported that Sup. Niederer be appointed chairman of the State Fair Committee. Motion prevailed.

Moved and supported that the bills of the several supervisors be allowed as charged. Streiffmatt, \$10.86; Niederer, \$9.00; Richardson, \$11.52; Buck, \$10.56; Craven, \$10.08.

Moved and supported that Supervisor Richardson be appointed Treasurer of the State Fair Committee. Motion prevailed.

Moved and supported that this Board adjourn without day. Motion prevailed. Minutes read and approved. J. H. RICHARDSON, Chairman. J. J. COLLEN, Clerk.

Sowing Time is Near.

Are you going to make a garden this spring? We are interested, because we can supply you with every known kind and combination of

Flower and Vegetable Seed.

These seeds are all new and fresh from the seed growers.

Our Groceries Stock is Complete.

and our prices just as low as the Catalogue Houses.

We are also now getting in a

Fine Stock of Shoes

at suitable prices. Please, give us a call; you are always welcome whether you buy or not.

Yours Respectfully

H. PETERSEN,

The New Store.

The New Jewelry Store.

All settled in my new location. New Stock of Chains, Rings, Pins Combs and Silverware.

It will pay you to inspect my line of rings. All sets except Diamonds guaranteed for two years. Nothing but solid gold rings in stock with extra heavy shanks. Prices reasonable

Optical work given special attention. Have installed electric lights for night testing. Your eyes examined free of charge. Repair work of all kinds promptly attended to.

C. J. HATHAWAY,

Jeweler and Optician.

In Roscommon every other Wednesday.

CONNINE & CO.

Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Potatoes, Hay and Feed.

The place to buy Garden Seeds.

BEST GOODS AT RIGHT PRICES.

Try Our Royal Tiger Coffee 20, 25, 30 & 35c.

Comprodur Teas, Palacine Oil Royal Tiger Canned Goods, Spices, and Extracts.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Fruits in Season.

INSPECT OUR GOODS BEFORE YOU BUY.

Don't Neglect!

Gents—When you want a new Spring Suit, see the new up-to-date styles. The latest designs in home manufactures and the finest imported goods on hand. Also the newest weaves and fabrics for Ladies' High Classed Tailored Suits, on view at

'Mahon's' Tailoring Establishment, C. Hanson's Building. Second Floor.

FISHING TACKLE!

We are showing the most complete line of Up-To-Date Fishing Tackle, at prices that defy competition.

Also a full line of BASE BALL GOODS.

Fournier's Drug Store.

LUCIEN FOURNIER, Proprietor.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Makes delicious hot biscuit, griddle cakes, rolls and muffins.

An absolutely pure, cream of tartar powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CHARMING Spring Styles

Shirt Waists & Skirts

Not a mere showing of the spring fashions, but a magnificent assemblage of

Coats, Waists and Skirts

that affords your choice as ample as you could desire. Even if you do not purchase now, come and see what we have

Your Confidence.

Those are the words upon whose deeper meaning this store builds for its present and future good. It will be our most earnest endeavor to win it and to keep it.

PETTICOATS

OF

NEWEST

STYLE.

A new arrival of the famous Sovosis petticoats. They are best—why buy others?

NEW HATS FOR MEN.

The Spring Styles are ready. Shapes for every man's head. Prices to meet every man's idea of what his hat should cost.

Grayling Mercantile Co.

The People's Store.

Drugs.

Patent Medicines.

THE Central Drug Store

N. POLSON PROPRIETOR
"The Best Drugs."

Pretty soon will be May the First, Then you will want

Fishing Tackle

FIT FOR FISHING.

This is the place to buy it! Only the best!

Bring us your Family Receipts. Prescription Work a Specialty.

J. A. MORRISON, Manager.

Candy.

Cigars.

New Catalogue.

Our first Catalogue of Carpets, Rugs, and Curtains is now ready and we want every one to have one. The goods shown have been carefully selected, and we guarantee that the cheap, as well as the high priced goods is just as represented.

As this catalogue contains many fine colored cuts, has been of great expense to get it out, therefore want to be careful in the distribution of the same, and give it out only to those who are in want of carpet.

To aid us in doing this, we ask you to fill out blank below. You are under no obligation to buy. Simply ask, that's all.

Cut out coupon below. Catalogues will not be given to children.

Name.

Address.

Sorenson's Furniture Store,

Grayling, Michigan.

The Avalanche

O. PALMER, Publisher.

GRATINGS, MICHIGAN.

VOLCANO WAKENS UP.

EARTHQUAKE CAUSES MT. CAPULIN TO BECOME ACTIVE.

Smoke and Heat Emitted from Cravens in Sides—Novice in Convent Wields Knife Among Companions with Serious Effect.

Two distinct earthquake shocks were felt at Colson, N. M., about 8 o'clock Friday morning. The shocks cracked the side of Mount Capulin, a supposed extinct volcano, which is now emitting smoke and heat from cravens in its side. People are fleeing in every direction. The smoke was first discovered shortly after 8 o'clock, when the earth began to tremble, and then, with a dull rumble, shook the entire place. Pictures were knocked from the walls and window glass was shattered. So far as learning, no one was injured. After the shock the smoke began to pour from the volcano's summit and slopes. In some places the cravens are five feet wide. The heat is so intense that snow, which had covered the mountain to a depth of nearly five feet, is almost entirely melted. Mount Capulin is 10,000 feet high and was active half a century ago, when it destroyed two towns and caused heavy loss of life. The volcano is surrounded by numerous prosperous towns, of which Colson, with a population of 3,500, is the largest. Among others are Troyburg, population 200; Emery Gap, 150; Klotz, 250; Apia, 100; Des Moines, 125; Emery, 100. There are all mining camps, and machinery and other equipment to the value of millions are in danger, besides the residences and business houses.

ON THE DIAMOND FIELD.

Progress of Clubs in Race for Base Ball Pennants.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.			
	W.	L.	P.
New York	6	3	4
Philadelphia	5	3	3
Pittsburgh	5	3	3
Boston	5	3	3

AMERICAN LEAGUE.			
	W.	L.	P.
Philadelphia	5	3	3
Detroit	4	2	3
Cleveland	4	2	3
Washington	4	3	1

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.			
	W.	L.	P.
Louisville	5	0	2
Kansas City	3	2	2
Columbus	3	2	2
St. Paul	3	2	2

NOVICE, INSANE, STABS FIVE.

Inmate of Convent at Manitowish, Wis., Wields Knife in Fury.

Ella McCarthy, a novice at St. Francis convent, Manitowish, Wis., became insane, and before she could be secured, had severely wounded five nuns, with a butcher knife. Miss McCarthy is 37 years old and came from Quincy, Ill. One day it was suggested to her that she would better give up her aspirations for a convent life, as she was not fitted for it. The next day she suddenly appeared with the knife and cried that she had served God for twenty years and now would serve another master, following this with an attack on the other novices in the room. Those whom she wounded are expected to recover.

22 DEAD IN MINE EXPLOSION.

One Other Man Missing from Scene of Colorado Disaster.

As the result of a dust explosion in a mine of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, forty miles west of Trinidad, twenty-two miners are known to be dead, and one other is missing, with little hopes of being found alive. There were forty men in the mine. Seventeen miners, who were working 3,000 feet from the entrance, escaped uninjured through another opening. The explosion occurred in rooms 3 and 4, near the main entrance, and was the result of a windy shift, which ignited the dust. The mine was not badly damaged. The mine gave employment to 180 men.

St. Louis Fire Panics Fatal.

In a fight to escape from a burning restaurant in St. Louis, Erin Thomas, 45 years old, was killed and Mack Demuth, William Durley, Al Jones and David Preston, all colored, were seriously burned. The fire was caused by an explosion of gasoline. The firemen rescued the imprisoned inmates by cutting a hole through the back wall.

\$75,000 Fire in Milwaukee.

The plant of the Hilly Lumber Company and the establishment of Robert Rom & Co., plumbers' supplies, were burned in Milwaukee, the loss being \$75,000. The fire started in the shed of the Hilly company through friction from a band saw and spread rapidly.

Richard Evans Is Sentenced.

Judge Ben M. Smith of Chicago, sentenced Richard G. Evans to be hanged June 22 for the murder of Mrs. Bessie M. Hollister.

Carnegie Offers Aid to School.

Andrew Carnegie has offered \$40,000 to Denison University at Granville, Ohio, for a library, providing the university raises an equal sum.

Four Perish in Flames.

Four lives were lost in a fire which swept away a stable and a row of three-story frame flat houses in West 3d street near Park place, Coney Island, N. Y., and nearly thirty families were rendered homeless.

Battered Ball Kills Boy.

Struck by a battered ball while watching a game on the grounds of St. John's orphan asylum in Philadelphia, 11-year-old Thomas Brown, an inmate of the home, had his neck broken and died almost instantly.

Cars Jump from Bridge.

Frank Wills and Samuel Avery, brakemen, were drowned. Conductor Arthur Thomas was badly hurt and a number of other men barely escaped when a construction train jumped from the new steel bridge at Cleves into the Miami River.

Sentenced for Land Frauds.

The first man to be sentenced in connection with the South Dakota land fraud cases on which indictments were returned recently is Carl Pitman, a prominent stockman, who Saturday was given one year in the Hughes County jail and was fined \$1,000.

CITY IS BUILT ON CAVE.

Discovery of Enormous Cavern Under Charleston, W. Va.

The city of Charleston, W. Va., was thrown into a panic Tuesday by the discovery of a gigantic cave directly beneath the town, the top of which is near the surface of the earth to the north of the city. The cave is now being explored by a party of men. Many residents have fled from the city and others are preparing to leave soon for a place of safety. It is feared the entire city must be abandoned. The cave contains a large lake. It has been impossible to determine the size of the cavern. Men blasting rock made the discovery of the lake and cavern, when the discharge caused the earth to crumble and fall in, leaving a great hole. Workmen ventured into the cavern, exploring it for a considerable distance. They discovered the lake, and returning to the surface procured a small boat, in which they rowed about for several hundred yards. They were afraid to venture further into the cave, and the earth, without procuring lights and taking proper precautions and safeguards to avoid becoming lost. There are limestone formations in the cavern similar to those in the noted Luray caves. The water of the lake is remarkably pure and is cold and sweet to the taste. The cavern runs from the point of discovery directly under the city of Charleston.

DIE BY FIRE, NOT EXPLOSION.

Victims of Kearsarge Disaster Perish in Flames and Smoke.

The disaster on the Kearsarge, by which several men lost their lives, was not caused by an explosion, as first reported. Three sections of the charge, it is now understood, had been withdrawn by metal hooks and placed on the turret floor, when the man handling the hooks accidentally short-circuited the switch to the electric ammunition hoist behind him, causing an arc which fused the metal of the switch and the molten particles dropped into the turret. The explosion, which was feared, did not occur, but the turret was slightly injured. Lieutenants Hudgings and Graeme and eleven seamen were seriously burned. No explosion took place and no sound was heard by the officers on the bridge, but smoke and flames burst from the turret.

INVENTOR OF THE CORSET DIES.

Mrs. Lavinia Foy Leaves Fortune as Result of Invention.

Mrs. Lavinia Foy, who became the richest woman in Connecticut by inventing the modern corset, died in New Haven at the age of 63. She leaves about \$2,000,000 to her son, Gen. George H. Harmon. About two years ago the engagement of Mrs. Foy to George Hurd, a Yale student, who was earning his way through college by taking care of the furnace at the Foy home, was announced. Gen. Harmon, who had been away on a trip to Europe, returned in time to break the wedding. Hurd gave up his engagement when Dean Wright of the college told him that he would be expelled from the institution if he married.

POLICE FORCE ON STRIKE.

Leaves Town Unprotected and Seen Working Prisoners Escape.

All the police of Connellsville, Pa., went on strike Monday and the town is now without police protection. When the strikers working on public improvements heard that the force had resigned they made their escape and, although the officers saw them leave, they did not attempt to prevent their going. The strike was caused by the refusal of the town council to grant an increase of \$10 a month in salaries.

Death in Mine Explosion.

Seven men injured, two fatally, by an explosion of powder in the Hazel coal mine of the Pittsburgh-Buffalo Company in Camonsburg, Pa. On their trip into the mine one of the men carried a quantity of blasting powder wrapped in a paper. The flame of his lamp came in contact with the powder and an explosion resulted. The injured were all foreigners.

Servian Ministry Quits.

King Peter has accepted the resignation of the Servian cabinet, but has requested the ministers to remain until a new cabinet can be formed. The king's refusal to resign the cabinet is the refusal of the king to sanction the retirement of regular army officers until a commercial treaty with Austria is concluded.

Trouble Continues at Springfield, Mo.

The race war at Springfield, Mo., has been renewed, the city being thrown into a frenzy of excitement by the killing of a negro who attempted to hold up a white youth and his girl companion. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of 100 members of the lynch mob, who will be charged with the killing. The police say those convicted should be hanged.

Railway Gang in Fierce Battle.

Nine men have been killed in a riot in the southern part of Phillips county, Ark. The scene of the trouble is along the line of the Memphis, Little Rock and Fort Smith railroad, near a small station called Gurley. A number of Greeks, Roumanians, Poles and Slavs got drunk and engaged in furious and deadly fights.

Russia Saved by Loan.

The successful negotiation of a foreign loan of \$40,000,000, ruinous as are the rates which Russia is obliged to pay for the money, extricates the government from much of its embarrassment and enables it to clear the decks of the accumulation of debts and furnish the cash necessary to keep the treasury above water.

Killed in "Auto" Wreck.

Robert J. Wright, a Philadelphia lawyer, was killed and five other persons were seriously injured in an automobile accident near Millville, N. J. The injured are Frank H. Mullen, Thomas J. Meagher of Philadelphia, Roy Pancoast and Miss Sadie Murline of Millville, and the chauffeur's assistant.

Miser's Gold in Woodpile.

Jacob Hilmhaugh, a bachelor hermit, died in his bed near Vanangoboro, Pa., where he had lived in apparent poverty for years. A search of the premises disclosed \$1,130 in bills in the woodpile and \$1,500 in gold hidden in a cupboard outside.

New Honor for Educator.

John Anthony Miller, Ph. D., formerly of Leland Stanford university and now professor of mechanics and astronomy of Indiana university, has been elected professor of mathematics and astronomy of Swarthmore college.

Roosevelt Would Be Senator.

President Roosevelt has made known to some of those with whom he has talked recently that his ambition is to represent the State of New York in the United States Senate after he leaves the White House in 1905.

St. Paul to Have a Fair.

The committee in charge of plans for the celebration of the centennial of the admission of Minnesota to the Union has decided to hold an exposition in connection with the annual State fair, to be conducted by the State.

ROOSEVELT HITS JUDGE.

President, in Special Message, Discommends the "Beef Case."

In a special message, delivered to Congress Wednesday, President Roosevelt declares that the result of the recent trial of the "beef packers" in Chicago was a "miscarriage of justice" and that the interpretation placed by Judge Humphrey on the will of Congress "is such as to make that will absolutely abortive."

DESERVED BY MAN SHE FREED.

Woman Rewarded Happily After Solving Case of Misfortune.

There is a pathetic story connected with the marriage of Mrs. Ida B. Roberts and Frank B. Ewing, both of Denver, who went to Cheyenne to have their nuptial knot tied. Ewing is a well-known business man of Denver, and his bride is a most estimable and accomplished young woman. Mrs. Ewing secured a divorce from her first husband, who deserted her and their children a year ago, going to Bullfrog, Nev. Mr. and Mrs. Roberts were married in northern Wyoming twelve years ago. While employed on a cattle ranch at Clearmont Roberts was convicted of cattle stealing and sent to the penitentiary for ten years. It is now known, however, that Roberts did not commit the theft, but merely acted as a fence for the real thief, a cowboy, Mrs. Roberts, with a baby in arms, worked early and late to support herself and children and to win support of leading citizens in behalf of her husband. A petition was circulated and signed by the jury that convicted him, and Gov. Chatterton pardoned Roberts eighteen months ago. The ex-convict joined his family at Clearmont, and after settling up matters there they moved to Denver. Within six months, however, Roberts showed his ungratefulness and thorough ingratitude of the self-sacrificing work of his wife by skipping from Denver with another woman.

LADRONES RAID ARSENAL.

Forty Brigands Make Daring Attack at Malolos, Luzon.

Forty brigands raided the arsenal of the Philippine constabulary at Malolos, capital of the province of Bulacan, Island of Luzon. They captured twenty rifles and escaped after killing three men and losing one of their own number. The exploit was one of the boldest the ladrones have made since American occupation. Malolos is only about twenty miles from Manila, and the raid caused considerable surprise among the Americans there. Entering the city early the brigands were not discovered until they reached the constabulary headquarters in a building in the center of the town and fronting on the residence of Gov. Sandico. A party of soldiers and constabulary officers, following which the ladrones rushed up the stairs of the building. In addition to the offices of the constabulary there is an arsenal in the building, where rifles and ammunition are stored. A few of the constabulary defended the quarters, but they were outnumbered in the fighting. Two of the ladrones were killed and the brigands then proceeded to raid the arsenal. They had secured about twenty rifles when the noise caused by the fight frightened them away. They fled, leaving one of their number dead in the building.

KILLED BY MICHIGAN QUAKE.

Shock Is Felt in the Mines Near Calumet—Four Are Injured.

One man was killed, four others injured and much alarm caused by an earthquake on the north side of Portage lake, near Calumet, Mich. Timothy Leary, a miner in the employ of the Quincy Mining Company, for twenty years, was caught under a big slide which came from the force of the quake. In the Quincy mine four more men were injured. It is the opinion of the professors at the Michigan College of Mines that the earthquake was caused by the readjustment of bearing surfaces on the eastern Keweenaw sandstone, an acknowledged place of weakness.

Alleged Holdups Are Freed.

Lincoln Thayer, James C. Hal, Homer S. Minot and Charles Hoffman, who were sent to the State penitentiary in 1899 for holding up a Great Northern passenger train near Fergus Falls, Minn., have been released from prison by order of the pardon board. The board has become convinced that the men were innocent of the crime.

Cash Buyers' Union Insolvent.

The Cash Buyers' Union First National Co-operative Bank, which was organized by Judge Bethel in Chicago, after a conference with the lawyers in the case. The property will be sold. After the court proceedings it was stated by S. C. Lovinson, the attorney for the company, that it would be reorganized and \$500,000 invested in it.

Negro Kills White Woman.

In Huntington, W. Va., Mrs. Martha J. Bass, a white woman, was shot and killed by Charles Morrow, a negro hotel porter. Morrow attempted to escape and was followed by a mob of several hundred angry men. The mob, however, captured him and shot him off the county jail in fear of mob violence.

Blown Up on Big Warship.

A dispatch from Malta says it is reported that a boiler has exploded on the British battleship Prince of Wales. Two men were killed instantly by the explosion and several others were injured, besides the cablegram. The battleship Prince of Wales is one of the largest warships of the British navy.

Names Son as Church Leader.

Joseph Smith, president of the Reorganized Church of Latter Day Saints, rewarded the devotion of his son, Frederick M. Smith, for his fasting and prayer by giving to the conference of the church a resolution which appoints his son, Frederick M. Smith, to be his successor in the event of his death.

Robber Gets Trapped in Diamonds.

A daring diamond robbery was committed in the Chronicle building, San Francisco. Two thieves entered the store of J. Q. Hatch, the clerk a blow over the head with the butt of a revolver, and rendered him unconscious. A tray of diamonds valued at several thousand dollars was taken from the showcase.

Roosevelt, Jr., Operated Upon.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., was operated upon for a serious affliction of the eye. He has long suffered with his eyes, and after a thorough examination Dr. Wilmer, a Washington oculist, said an operation must be performed. It is given out that he is improving steadily.

Vitriol Thrower Reappears.

The vitriol thrower who operated in Baltimore last November has reappeared and added two more victims to his list. The man, Harry Blumenthal, 35 years old, burned on the left leg, and Hattie Norman, 14 years old, dress, coat and shoes burned.

Two Vessels Sink at the Sea.

A collision in the Sea passage resulted in sending to the bottom two of the largest steel steamers on the great lakes, the Saxonia and Eugene Zimmerman. No lives were lost.

Speaker a Political Orator.

Representative Charles A. Towne declared in House that the Speaker of the House was a political and not a legislative officer.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate Tuesday Mr. Tillman called up his resolution directing the Senate committee on finance to enter upon an investigation of the question of campaign contributions by the national banks.

Mr. Tillman said he wished the inquiry to extend to the Democratic as well as the Republican campaign committees, and engaged in a sharp controversy with Mr. Hopkins concerning the Walsh banks in Chicago. Mr. Foster spoke for almost three hours in support of the House rate bill. The House bill providing for the change of minor coins was passed. The House cleared the decks by passing under suspension of the rules a number of bills of general interest. Among them were the following: Establishing a national quarantine against epidemics; regulating appeals in criminal cases by passing the government to have a decision reviewed when a demurrer to an indictment has been sustained; creating a bureau of the reclamation service in the Interior Department; providing for the entry of agricultural lands within forest reserves. In addition 572 private pension bills were passed. The measure extending the national irrigation act to the State of Texas was taken up as unfinished business.

In his opening prayer in the Senate Wednesday, Charles Edward Everett made reference to the San Francisco disaster. Only routine business was transacted, adjournment until Thursday being taken at 12:50 p. m. to permit the Democrats to proceed with their conference on the railroad rate bill. The San Francisco disaster hung like a pall over the House, legislation being carried on in a perfunctory manner. A resolution was adopted directing the War and Navy Departments to place at the disposition of the Mayor of San Francisco such supplies as may be necessary. A resolution of sympathy also was passed. The bill extending the national irrigation law to Texas was passed, and the conference report on the pension appropriation bill agreed to. An appropriation of \$4,000 to bring home the bodies of the men killed on the battleship Kearsarge was voted. The Speaker laid before the House and had read the message of the President relating to the decision of Judge Humphrey in the beef cases. Speaker Cannon said he had instructed the Journal Clerk to omit the names of John N. Williamson (Oregon) and Malcolm B. Patterson (Tenn.) from the future rolls of the House, as they have not attended sessions and have not been sworn in. He said this statement was due by reason of his ruling that 101 members constitute a quorum.

The Senate Thursday passed a joint resolution appropriating \$1,000,000 for the relief of the people of California, and an emergency bill carrying \$4,000 to pay the expenses of bringing home the bodies of the Kearsarge victims. Mr. Bailey made an explanation of the proceedings of the Democratic caucus and Mr. La Follette delivered the first half of an exhaustive speech on the rate bill. Mr. Tillman and Mr. Hopkins had another spirited encounter concerning the Walsh bank failure in Chicago, which was ended by the presiding officer. The House voted the appropriation of \$1,000,000 for the sufferers in San Francisco and other ruined California cities and gave the Secretaries of War, Navy, Treasury and Commerce power to co-operate with the authorities of the stricken cities. Mr. Williams, the minority leader, gave notice that there would be no more legislation except under the rules of the House or a special rule until the conference on the statehood bill had made a report. Several speeches were made on the tariff.

DRIVING THE POOR OUT.

High Rents Responsible for Reduced Population in Manhattan.

The greed of the New York landlords in arbitrarily raising rents in the poorer sections is bearing fruit. For the first time in a century, according to figures in the hands of the Board of Education, the population of Manhattan has ceased to grow, and is on the decline. It is estimated that the borough has lost 30,000 inhabitants in the last year.

These figures are based on the amazing decline in school attendance in all of those localities where poverty and squalor reign, and the mushroom rise of new communities of the same class of people in the outlying boroughs. On the East Side, south of Fourteenth street, not less than 20,000 persons have moved away. From Thirty-fourth street north to Fifty-ninth, a broad belt straight across the island has been depopulated to the extent of 8,000 or more.

What Poverty has Done in the Sections Mentioned.

What poverty has done in the sections mentioned toward reducing the population, and the consequent loss of the school attendance, is shown by the following figures: The population of the sections mentioned has been reduced to the extent of 8,000 or more.

In the Senate Friday Mr. La Follette continued, but did not conclude his speech on the rate bill.

The Senate Friday Mr. La Follette continued, but did not conclude his speech on the rate bill. The appropriation for the San Francisco sufferers was made subject to the purchase of medical supplies and steps were taken toward replacing the public buildings by calling on the Secretary of the Treasury to prepare an estimate of the cost of new structures. A serious altercation between Gen. Grosvenor and Frank Clark of Florida was narrowly averted in the House when the chairman of the committee on the Judiciary, Mr. Williams, who had their language stricken from the record. Before the trouble had been smoothed over, however, Mr. Clark made a threat of personal violence against Mr. Grosvenor. Sixty-five pages of the District of Columbia appropriation bill were considered, and the national quarantine bill was sent to conference.

In the Senate Saturday Mr. Perkins of California made acknowledgment of the cablegram from the Vice President of the Brazilian Senate, expressing the sympathy of that body for the sufferers in California.

He also acknowledged the debt of gratitude due the government of the United States, the people of the different States and cities and railroads for the generous aid granted. On his motion the Vice President was instructed to express the Senate's appreciation. The remainder of the day was devoted to eulogies on the life of the late Senator Orville H. Platt of Connecticut. In the House a joint resolution making an additional appropriation of \$1,000,000 for the relief of the sufferers in San Francisco was adopted. The duty of Columbia appropriation bill was passed, as was another measure providing for the transportation of suitable merchandise without appraisement. The message of the President citing the necessity for an additional appropriation for the California quake victims was laid before the House.

National Capital Notes.

President Roosevelt has presented to the War Department for his historical collection a section of a log from the cabin which Gen. U. S. Grant built for his family near St. Louis after his resignation from the regular army before the opening of the war of 1861.

Secretary Root urged that the bill appropriating \$77,722 to reimburse the French Cable Co. for losses sustained by the cutting of its cables in Cuba in the Spanish-American war be passed.

Mr. Root says the claim is just and should be allowed at this session.

Representative Wm. Alden Smith of Michigan has received a petition from Hollanders in Grand Rapids, asking that a duty of 125 per cent be placed on woolen shoes.

The petitioners state that this article can be imported into the United States and sold at a price at which the petitioners cannot afford to make it and sell at a reasonable profit.

MANY DIVORCES ILLEGAL.

Sweeping Decision Handed Down by Federal Supreme Court.

It is doubtful if a more momentous decision in the interest of American society has been delivered by the United States Supreme Court in recent years than when on Monday, by a bench divided five to four, it held that divorces obtained in States which do not have jurisdiction over both parties to a marriage are not enforceable outside the State granting them. The decision is based on the clause of the Constitution providing that each State shall give full faith and credit to the decrees of another State.

The effect of the decision therefore is that divorces like those obtained in South Dakota by the negotiation of a temporary residence for that purpose are void in the State in which the couple resided only so long as their legality is not attacked.

It follows, therefore, that a divorce, in order to be beyond attack, must be obtained in the State of which both parties are residents.

The effect of the decision will be to end the promiscuous granting of divorces and undoubtedly is a long step towards minimizing an evil which it had been believed could only be corrected by a uniform divorce law enacted by the Federal Congress.

The general belief is that divorces will become less frequent as, when the purpose of the decision becomes known generally, the movement in favor of national divorce laws will gain such force as to compel the passage of the constitutional amendment needed to effect such legislation.

The importance of the decision was realized fully by the court itself. The judges who dissented were inclined to look upon the opinion of the court either as a backward step or as a reversal by the court of its former opinion. It is estimated that at least 20,000 children are affected by the opinion.

Before the decision of the Supreme Court it was the generally received opinion that wherever parties are domiciled they will be allowed to avail themselves of the law of the domicile, including the right to bring suit for divorce. The courts of New York have been the chief exception to this rule and have refused to acknowledge the validity of divorces granted to citizens over whom their jurisdiction lies by the courts of other States.

It was estimated by Chicago lawyers that 500 divorces in Cook County have been made illegal by the decision of the United States Supreme Court, holding such decrees null except where both parties to the suit lived in the same jurisdiction. It also was pointed out that the way had been paved for all manner of complication, a few years hence over property rights and inheritance.

"OLD SHOVELS."

Greatest of Civil War Engineers Dying in New York Infirmary.

One of the greatest engineers that the Civil War produced is dying in a New York infirmary. This is Brig. Gen. Edward W. Serrell, aged 80, a native of New York City, known through the Army of the Potomac as "Old Shovels." He was chief engineer of the Department of the South, U. S. A.; chief of staff under Ben Butler, close friend of Gen. McClellan, Lincoln and Seward, and the originator of gigantic constructive enterprises.

Serrell designed the Hoosac tunnel, on the line between Albany and Boston. He has completed plans for tunneling a ship's canal across the Isthmus of Darien, in competition with the government waterway at Panama. He planned the electric harbor defense system used during the Spanish-American war, whereby the exact position of the enemy's warships could be located.

During the Civil War he invented a torpedo catcher composed of a net weighted by 10-inch shells filled with sand and buoyed by empty whiskey casks. At the attack on Charleston the device, stretched across Little Back Bay, saved the federal fleet by catching six iron Confederate torpedoes in one night. Perhaps the most remarkable feat of his career, however, was Gen. Serrell's planting of the terrible "Swamp Angel" battery in a bottomless quaking bog when all other engineers had deemed the project hopeless. The credit of this achievement belongs to Serrell. Had not this powerful seven-inch Parrott cannon, with its electrically operated breech, been mounted in the swamps the siege of Charleston would probably have been a failure.

OLD WORLD NOTABLES.

M. Fallieres, the new president of France, wears a butterfly tie fastened to his collar button with a piece of elastic. The idiosyncrasy of the German Emperor is that he twirls his mustache with energy, while the King of Italy twirls his affectionately.

The nickname with the British public for Balfour, lately premier, is "Miss Fanny," and that for Joe Chamberlain is "Monocle Joe."

Three giant brothers named Phillips are among the new members of the British Parliament, and all are Liberals. A baker, he earned his own living as a lawyer's clerk while attending law university. The soundness of his judgment may be judged by the fact that he contributed an article on Tallyrand to Britannica. He is a notable fly fisher.

Thomas Shaw, the new British lord advocate, is a self-made man. The son of a baker, he earned his own living as a lawyer's clerk while attending law university. The soundness of his judgment may be judged by the fact that he contributed an article on Tallyrand to Britannica. He is a notable fly fisher.

Dudley Docker of London gave a dinner to George Plath on the eve of his departure for Japan which cost \$7,500. There were thirty guests and the entire ensemble, including the feast, was Japanese.

Emperor William has appointed Prof. Ernst von Bergmann a member of the upper house of parliament for life. This is the first time that such an honor has been conferred on a member of the medical profession.

The death is announced of M. Emile Bourmy of the Institute of France. With the exception of M. Taine and M. Jumeau, no Frenchman has probably ever made so profound a study of the Anglo-Saxon character and institutions.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

Chicago.

Business conditions generally exhibit a well-rounded activity, the only drawback being the inability to reach a solution of the coal mining troubles. With ideal weather there has been further extension of activity, particularly widespread resumption of farm work and lake navigation. Retail trade makes an exceptionally good showing in the sales of Easter wares, millinery, and fashionable apparel having been liberally bought.

Wholesale dealings in staple lines remain satisfactory for this period, and heavy shipments are yet made to the interior of country stores and agricultural needs. Manufacturing branches are under the pressure of increasing demands adding to the assured activity of future months, this being a conspicuous feature of the iron and steel lines, while more effort is made toward larger output of the forges, foundries, car and machine shops. New building work has become much extended, and this together with heavy construction about to be started furnishes employment for larger forces of labor and involves the consumption of materials in enormous quantities.

Mercantile collections throughout the western territory remain reasonably prompt and the final distribution of general merchandise

Buy the Harrison Wagon.

The Best on Wheels.

For Sale and fully warranted by O. Palmer.

To the Beloved.

Everything that I made used to bring you.
Was it a song, why, then, 'twas a song
To sing to you.
Was it a story, to you I was telling my
story.
Ah, my dear, could you hear 'mid the
bliss and the glory?

Did any one praise me, to you I said I
did over.
My laughter for you: how we laughed in
the days past?
My tears and my troubles were yours
did any one grieve me.
I carried it straight to the love that was
sure to relieve me.

O my dear, when aught happens, to you
I am turning.
Forgetting how far you have traveled
this day from my 'loving.
There is nobody now to tell things to;
your house is so lonely.
And still I'm forgetting and bringing my
tale to you only.

The old days are over; how pleasant they
were, the fine weather.
When youth and my darling and I were
at home and together.
And still I'm forgetting, because, that no
longer you're near me.
And turn to you still with my tale, and
there's no one to hear me.
—Pall Mall Gazette.

THE LINES OF HIS HAND

By BRUCE SHERMAN

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Mrs. J. Arthur Smythe was easily the leader of Huntington's Four Hundred. She had established her right to the title on a hundred battlefields, and while certain captious and dissatisfied persons still persisted in referring to the origin of her appearance in the social whirl all such captious critics found themselves most embarrassingly placed and invariably became exceedingly sorry that they had spoken.

In vain was it that those enemies of Mrs. Smythe or those opposed to her way, recalled that, after all, she was only the wife of old Jake Smith, and that the foundation of Jake's fortune was laid in the tavern down on the cross-roads. In vain was it that her opponents pointed out that the origin of the fair Mrs. Smythe herself was clouded in rumor and surmise. For after all question a rumor and surmise had done their worst, the great fact remained that old Jake had made his millions and had left them to his charming widow. As it was true and evident that what her origin Mrs. Smythe was a woman of most conspicuous talent and charm and her executive ability was such that all the other daughters of Eve in the town of Huntington had reason to fear and respect her. In vain was it to inquire how the good honest old name of Jake Smith had developed into J. Arthur Smythe. Those who had inquired had found out even unto the fullness of their several desires and never acquired her charms. So delicate was her tact and so great her resources that everybody was glad to go. They always were entertained perfectly, and moreover, they always heard the very latest bit of gossip and were initiated into the very latest social fact. Hence it was that on a certain evening Richard Sherry found himself bowing over her fair hand in the Smythe drawing room.

"Why, Mr. Sherry, this is a compliment, indeed," exclaimed the hostess. "To beguile a recluse and a woman-hater from his lair is a feat indeed. The party is assuredly a success."

"The man smiled grave."

"One is always sure to be brightened up and have one's wit sharpened here, Mrs. Smythe," he said. "What is it to be tonight—thecosophy, a new artist, a musical prodigy, vaudeville or a literary lion?"

"A poor guess," she responded, brightly. "What would you say to palmistry?"

"Palmistry," he repeated. "Ah, I see. Dark-eyed gypsy girl and all that."

"Still wrong," she replied. "I've found such a darling. Do you remember the Raymonds who used to live here and moved south or somewhere five years ago? Yes, I thought you knew them. Well, Dr. Raymond lost his fortune and died and Mrs. Raymond and her daughter are back here again trying to support themselves. The girl has developed a perfect gen-

"The girl looked long and earnestly. She was breathing a trifle faster and the color had come into her face."

"I can't see the future," she said, and then, "I am very tired. Mrs. Smythe, and really must beg to be excused from any more work tonight."

The crowd drifts back into the drawing room and the palmist slips into the conservatory. Sherry follows her unobserved. After a time they reappear in the drawing room, where Mrs. Smythe is receiving the congratulations of her last departing guests.

"Mrs. Smythe," said Sherry, "I will finish the reading of my own palm. The barrier has been removed and the one great passion of my life for the one woman in the world is to be realized. Mrs. Smythe, permit me to present the future Mrs. Sherry, and to thank you for the happiest evening in my life."

And Mrs. Smythe catching the divine light in both their eyes remarks tactfully:

"I think I may call this party my greatest social triumph."

It certainly was much talked about.

Beard's Charge Resented.

When the late ex-Congressman Alanson Beard of the port of Boston was a young man he at one time taught district school near Stonebridge, Va. One of his pupils, a youth of lesser intelligence, was the butt of ridicule for the brighter boys, who incessantly called him names. And to all of these rebuffs came the invariable retort, "I ain't, nuther!"

Mr. Beard, having much sympathy for this lad, one day addressed him thus: "Joel, it's too bad for your classmates to treat you in such a manner. Why, you're a human being."

"I ain't, nuther," Alanson Beard said was the reasonable reply.

Alone with his thoughts.

lus for palmistry and does quite a bit along that line. I have engaged her to come here to-night and read palms."

He did not answer. His eyes were far away and the hostess, thinking he was bored with the conversation, changed the subject and passed him along to the bery of pretty girls all along to be found at her right hand. He soon made his escape, however, and passed into the conservatory, where he could struggle alone with his thoughts.

Remember Florence Raymond! What else, indeed, had he been doing for the past five years, since he had

thrown himself at her feet and asked her to be his wife. It had been the one great passion of his life and he had always felt sure that she returned his love, but she had felt it her duty to remain with her father in his misfortune and had resolutely refused to permit an engagement or even an understanding, remarking that it would be unfair to spoil his life by holding out a hope which probably never would be fulfilled and would further keep her mind in a state of distraction. Sherry had taken it hard and abandoned society for business and books. The shock he received at Mrs. Smythe's disclosure that Florence was to be there and in such a role was severe and brought back a flood of memories.

His reverie was cut short by Mrs. Smythe, who discovered him in the conservatory.

"Come, come, this will never do," she cried, tapping him with her fan. "When the hermit comes to Rome he must do as the Romans do. Come and have your hand read."

Unreluctant he followed her to the library, where the entertainer was reading the palms of all comers.

"I have found a splendid subject," said Mrs. Smythe, triumphantly. "Here is the enigma of the town. We want to know why so fascinating a man should be a recluse and a woman-hater. We want also to know his fate—his love affairs, past and present."

Sherry gazed upon the woman of his dreams, and she looked up straight into his eyes, grave and unresponsive. She was not a guest and knew her place. He also knew his. But he was startled at her unchangeable beauty. The years seemed not to have told at all upon her. Indeed in the short kypsy skirt and with her hair down her back she seemed younger than he had ever seen her. And yet there was an indefinable something in her eyes which made her seem more mature and womanly—something as though a great sorrow had chastened her.

He placed his hands in hers. She followed the lines intently, looked at the fingers and general shape of the hands.

"You will live to a very old age," she said. "I do not see much sickness, past or future. Your head is exceptionally strong. No mental trouble will overcome you. You are intellectual, fairly artistic and a money maker."

"And his heart?" put in Mrs. Smythe.

"His heart is well under control, but he is capable of a great and abiding love for a woman."

"Is his passion passed or to come?" relentlessly pursued Mrs. Smythe.

"I see a strong line about the age of 30," said the girl slowly and very low. "It seems to be cut and barred. It looks like some obstacle."

"And the future?" insisted Mrs. Smythe.

"The girl looked long and earnestly. She was breathing a trifle faster and the color had come into her face."

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Remember Florence Raymond! What else, indeed, had he been doing for the past five years, since he had

thrown himself at her feet and asked her to be his wife. It had been the one great passion of his life and he had always felt sure that she returned his love, but she had felt it her duty to remain with her father in his misfortune and had resolutely refused to permit an engagement or even an understanding, remarking that it would be unfair to spoil his life by holding out a hope which probably never would be fulfilled and would further keep her mind in a state of distraction. Sherry had taken it hard and abandoned society for business and books. The shock he received at Mrs. Smythe's disclosure that Florence was to be there and in such a role was severe and brought back a flood of memories.

His reverie was cut short by Mrs. Smythe, who discovered him in the conservatory.

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Unreluctant he followed her to the library, where the entertainer was reading the palms of all comers.

"I have found a splendid subject," said Mrs. Smythe, triumphantly. "Here is the enigma of the town. We want to know why so fascinating a man should be a recluse and a woman-hater. We want also to know his fate—his love affairs, past and present."

Sherry gazed upon the woman of his dreams, and she looked up straight into his eyes, grave and unresponsive. She was not a guest and knew her place. He also knew his. But he was startled at her unchangeable beauty. The years seemed not to have told at all upon her. Indeed in the short kypsy skirt and with her hair down her back she seemed younger than he had ever seen her. And yet there was an indefinable something in her eyes which made her seem more mature and womanly—something as though a great sorrow had chastened her.

He placed his hands in hers. She followed the lines intently, looked at the fingers and general shape of the hands.

"You will live to a very old age," she said. "I do not see much sickness, past or future. Your head is exceptionally strong. No mental trouble will overcome you. You are intellectual, fairly artistic and a money maker."

"And his heart?" put in Mrs. Smythe.

"His heart is well under control, but he is capable of a great and abiding love for a woman."

"Is his passion passed or to come?" relentlessly pursued Mrs. Smythe.

"I see a strong line about the age of 30," said the girl slowly and very low. "It seems to be cut and barred. It looks like some obstacle."

"And the future?" insisted Mrs. Smythe.

"The girl looked long and earnestly. She was breathing a trifle faster and the color had come into her face."

"I can't see the future," she said, and then, "I am very tired. Mrs. Smythe, and really must beg to be excused from any more work tonight."

The crowd drifts back into the drawing room and the palmist slips into the conservatory. Sherry follows her unobserved. After a time they reappear in the drawing room, where Mrs. Smythe is receiving the congratulations of her last departing guests.

"Mrs. Smythe," said Sherry, "I will finish the reading of my own palm. The barrier has been removed and the one great passion of my life for the one woman in the world is to be realized. Mrs. Smythe, permit me to present the future Mrs. Sherry, and to thank you for the happiest evening in my life."

And Mrs. Smythe catching the divine light in both their eyes remarks tactfully:

"I think I may call this party my greatest social triumph."

It certainly was much talked about.

ARE RULED BY EARTH DOCTORS.

Queer Things About Location of Houses and Graves in China.

The abandonment of cities, towns or localities illustrates the peculiar influence among the Chinese of their geomancers, or "earth doctors," as they call them. These fortune tellers, with a great deal of rignarole, pass upon the luck or unfavorableness of a spot whether it be selected as a place on which to build a house or dig a grave, says the Chautauquan.

The entire city of Pekin was moved by the first emperor of the Mongol dynasty because his "earth doctors" told him that bad luck was associated with the old site and that if he wished to establish his dynasty, he must build a new capital. The modern city of Pekin was the result. And so the cities and towns ravaged by the Taipings over fifty years ago have never recovered because the Chinese believed that their luck had been spoiled and the population has built new towns and new cities rather than tempt fate by rebuilding the old ones. The Chinese will abandon houses all the time if convinced that their geomancy is wrong, and in almost every city you will find some quarter vacated and abandoned because it is said to be unlucky.

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Panama Death Rate.

In 1882, the second year of the French occupancy of Panama, says Country Life in America for March, the death rate was 112 per 1,000, and the French had a force of only 1,900 men. In August, 1905, the second year of our occupancy, in a force of 12,000 men, there were eight deaths, or two-thirds of a man to every 1,000. We have sent the death rate down from 112 to 8 by vigilant sanitary precautions.

Restlessness in Children.

"It is a good sign," says a recognized authority, "for children to be energetic and restless up to 7 years of age; but restlessness after that age is a bad sign," a sign of feverish nervous conditions inimical to growth of a healthy sort. Such restlessness should be curbed and a daily full nap insisted upon. This will generally be found to promote the desired result.

Reform in Floral Decoration.

Florists are complaining that there is no longer any demand for the elaborate house decorations they used to supply during the season in New York. The extravagant and complicated floral pieces formerly popular at weddings or dances in private houses are now used only when such functions occur at restaurants and hotels.

Easy Way to Carve.

Freddy lived in a boarding house near where they had been excavating for the subway. One day when he saw his mother struggling with a particularly tough steak the boarders were convulsed to hear him pipe up: "Mama, why don't you blast it!"—New York Press.

Thieves Fall Out.

Two Exeter, N. H., women entered the house of a third woman by means of a false key and carried away therefrom one jar of blueberries. The agreement between the two that the pie made from the berries should be divided was not kept, so we have the story.

Snake's Wonderful Digestion.

A snake's digestive organs may be slow, but they are very sure. Teeth, skin, hair and every part of the prey is digested. The hard, flinty teeth of a rat will be found, if the snake is dissected within a week, to be soft enough to crush in the fingers.

The First Eclipse.

Babylonian inscriptions have revealed the earliest lunar eclipse of which we have any record. Its date is B. C. 1063. The record is proving of great service to astronomers in checking some of the data relating to the moon's orbit.

Is There Any Money in It?

Around the intestinal canal of the closed amoeba, the gastrula, the backbone of the vertebrate, the thoracic nerve system of the primate man has been built. Can he kick all these ladders and hang from the clouds?—New Haven Leader.

Still Ring Curfew Bell.

At the village of Botesford, in the vale of Belvoir, England, the ancient custom of ringing the curfew bell is still observed. The day of the month and month of the year are also tolled on separate bells every evening.

Met Shot for Railroad.

It was an ungrateful Kansan who returned a pass sent him by a local railroad with the assurance that in the year that he had owned the pass he had not used it because he had always been in a hurry.

Australians in America.

There are only a few Australians distributed throughout the United States, and their number is so small that in most of the official bulletins they come under the head of "unclassified."

Thread From Spider's Web.

Thread made from the spider's web is lighter and stronger than that which comes from the silkworm. In France there is a factory used only for the manufacture of spider thread.

What Doctors Say.

The daily experience of the medical profession shows that there is scarcely any depth of meanness to which some patients will not stoop.—British Medical Journal.

Uncle Eben.

"If it took a man as long to get into debt," said Uncle Eben, "as it does to get out, dar wouldn't be nigh so much financial worryment!"—Washington Star.

Egyptian Cigarettes.

The "Egyptian" cigarette is made of Turkish tobacco and paper manufactured in France or Austria and is rolled by Greeks.

Paupers Outlive Millionaires.

Many paupers have lived to be 100 years old, but there is not a single record of a millionaire attaining that age.

Heat in Simple Tunnel.

An Italian who tried to walk through the Simplon tunnel was stifled by the heat and died.

King's Wives are Taller.

There is hardly a king in Christendom to-day whose wife does not overtop him by a head.

WORD OF MOHAMMEDAN ORIGIN.

Term "Kaffir" is Applied to All Unbelievers.

Very curious has been the history of the word "kaffir." The French explorers who have been opening up the Sudan and Sahara find that they are called kaffirs by the Mohammedans, while Sir Henry Rawlinson once said that the loveliest oriental lady he had ever seen was a kaffir slave at Kabul. When she had loosened her golden hair she could cover herself completely as with a veil. This name of kaffir is as world-wide as Islamism, for it is the name of "unbeliever" applied by true Mohammedans to those that refuse the faith. The Portuguese found it applied to the negroes of East Africa by their Arab predecessors and handed it on to the Dutch and to the English. The kaffir slave at Kabul belonged to one of those black-clad mountain tribes in the heart of Afghanistan who till 1895 defied their Moslem neighbors and on their dizzy precipices gloated on their idolatry. These Afghan kaffirs claim to be descended from the Greeks who came with Alexander in his conquest of the east.

USED HATCHET TO CUT WINE.

This Not in Alaska, But in Flanders—Some Record Winters.

In 1806 the Rhone was frozen over. In 1138 the Po was frozen from Cremona to the sea. In 1234 loaded wagons crossed the Adriatic in front of Venice.

In 1305 all the rivers in France were frozen over. In 1324 it was passable from Denmark to Lubee and Danzig on the ice. In 1334 all the rivers of Province and Italy were frozen; at Paris the frost lasted two months and 20 days.

In 1468 it was necessary to break up the wine in Flanders with hatchets in order to serve it to the sailors. In 1544 the same became necessary in France. In 1594 the sea was frozen from Marseilles to Venice.

In 1667 the Seine was entirely frozen over. In 1767 the Seine was frozen for thirty-five successive days. In 1709 the Adriatic and the Mediterranean, from Marseilles to Genoa, were frozen. In 1716 shops were erected on the Thames.

Guilt of Unconscious Profanity.

A leading football player of a few years ago, who is now in business in this city, was as careful of his conduct on the field as he was aggressive on the field. He was captain of the eleven in his senior year and his friends were shocked more than once at the vigorous supply of profanity that he turned on in the football practice when things did not go to suit him. Finally he was requested by the faculty to side track the swearing. He was amazed at this action on the faculty's part, for he declared that he was utterly unconscious of the fact that he had offended. His character was such as to leave no doubt that he spoke the truth. Even after the faculty warning he sometimes broke out.—New York Sun.

Broadmoor Insane Artist.

There was a man named Dadd, some of whose pictures I expect will be exhibited in a short time in London. He showed extraordinary power, and if he had not become insane he would have rivaled, if not outdistanced, Watts. He only recently died at the Criminal Lunatic Asylum at Broadmoor. He painted many pictures, a number of which were sold; but it was thought by the government that it was improper that these pictures should be sold in open market; and the superintendent of Broadmoor therefore allowed him to paint the walls, which he continued to do in a very elaborate way.—Dr. Savage, quoted in Guy's Hospital Gazette.

Diagnosis of Headache.

"There are more than fifty kinds of headache," said a physician, "and sufferers from the more common forms may cure themselves by locating the cause and treating themselves accordingly. The more frequent forms are a dull pain across the forehead, due to dyspepsia; a pain in the back of the head, due to the liver; a burning pain in both temples, due to malnutrition; an ache on the top of the head, as though a weight pressed on the skull, due to overwork; an ache between the brows, just above the base of the nose, due to the eye strain."

Repentance.

A teacher in trying to explain to her scholars the meaning of repentance, used this illustration: "Suppose a bad boy were to steal an orange, and his good mother should catch him with it and take him to the hand gently and tell him how wicked it is and how very grieved she was, wouldn't you think, now, that this little boy ought to feel sorry?" One of the scholars eagerly replied, "Yes, mum."

"And why, Marmaduke?" "Cause he hadn't eaten the orange before his mother him and tucked it away from him."—The Tatler.

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Supplement to the Crawford Avalanche.-----Grayling, Thursday April 26. '06.

PROCEEDINGS

—OF THE—

Board of Supervisors

—OF—

Crawford County.

APRIL SESSION 1906.

(Special Session.)

Special Session of the Board of Supervisors of Crawford County, commenced and held at the Court House in the Village of Grayling, on Wednesday, the 11th day of April, 1906.

Call read. Present the following Supervisors:

Beaver Creek—Casper Streittmatter, Frederic—Chas. Craven, Grayling—John J. Niederer, Maple Forest—Amos Buck, South Branch—J. H. Richardson.

Moved and supported that Ira H. Richardson act as temporary chairman. Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Niederer that the Board proceed to elect a permanent chairman, and that the chairman appoint one teller. Motion prevailed.

The chair appointed Sup. Craven teller.

First Ballot—Total number of votes cast 5, of which I. H. Richardson received 5.

Ira H. Richardson having received all the votes cast, was declared elected chairman of this Board for the ensuing year.

Moved and supported that the Board adjourn until to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock. Motion prevailed.

I. H. RICHARDSON, Chairman.

J. J. COLLEN, Clerk.

MORNING SESSION APRIL 12.

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Roll called. Full Board present. Sup. Richardson in the chair. Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

The chair announced the appointment of the following committees for the ensuing year:

Committees for 1906.

RULES.

Streittmatter, Buck, Craven, Niederer.

EQUALIZATION.

Niederer, Craven, Buck, Streittmatter.

PRINTING.

Buck, Streittmatter, Craven, Niederer.

CLAIMS AND ACCOUNTS.

Craven, Niederer, Streittmatter, Buck.

FINANCE AND SETTLEMENT.

Niederer, Craven, Streittmatter, Buck.

APPORTIONMENT.

Buck, Streittmatter, Niederer, Craven.

WAYS AND MEANS.

Streittmatter, Craven, Buck, Niederer.

COUNTY BUILDINGS.

Niederer, Buck, Craven, Streittmatter.

ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Craven, Buck, Streittmatter, Niederer.

COUNTY POOR.

Buck, Niederer, Streittmatter, Craven.

Moved by Sup. Streittmatter, supported by Buck, that this Board adopt Tibbetts Supervisor Manual as their rules for the ensuing year. Motion prevailed.

The Jail Inspectors submitted the following report:

JAIL REPORT.

To the Hon. Board of Supervisors:

The undersigned Inspectors of jails for the county of Crawford, in compliance with the provisions of law (sections 2665-2670, Compiled Laws 1897), would respectfully report:

That on the 15th day of February 1906, they visited and carefully inspected the county jail of said county, and found as follows:

1. That during the period since the last required report and the date of this examination there has been confined at different times 46 prisoners charged with offenses as follows:

Offence.	Male.	Female.	Whole No.
Drunk	7	0	7
Larceny	1	0	1
Disorderly	5	0	5
Assault	3	0	3
Violation of game law	0	0	0
Murder	0	0	0
Bigamy	0	0	0
Bastardy	0	0	0
Insane	1	0	0

2. There are now in jail detained for trial, 2.
There are now in jail serving sentence, 3.

There are now in jail awaiting sentence, none.

There are now in jail awaiting commitment, none.

Number now in jail, male, five; female, none; total, five.

Number of above who are under 16 years of age, none.

Prisoners detained for trial have been held in jail the following number of days each.

John Collins, 20 days.

Unknown, 1 day.

Prisoners awaiting commitment have been held since sentence the following number of days each, none.

3. Number usually confined in one room by day, all males, females 1.

Number usually confined in one room at night, one.

4. Employment, none.

5. Condition of bedding, good.

Condition of cells, good.

Condition of halls, good.

Condition of water closets, good.

6. What distinction, if any, is made in the treatment of prisoners? (Between those only held for trial and those serving sentence, etc.) None.

7. Are prisoners under 16 years of age at any time, day or night, permitted to mingle or associate with adult prisoners in violation of section 5555, Compiled Laws? No.

8. Are prisoners arrested on civil process kept in rooms separate and distinct from prisoners held on criminal charge or conviction, "and on no pretense whatever put or kept in the same room?" as required by section 10334, Compiled Laws 1897? Yes.

9. Are male and female prisoners confined in separate rooms as required by section 10335, Compiled Laws 1897? Yes.

10. Is there a proper jail record kept, and is it kept properly posted and does it comply with section 2680, Compiled Laws 1897? Yes.

11. What, if any, evils, either in construction or management of the jail are found to exist? None.

Recommendations: We recommended in our report of September last, that the cell for the insane be thoroughly padded. As it has not been done we would respectfully repeat the recommendation.

Signed.

WILLINGTON BATTERSON,

Judge of Probate.

HENRY TRUMBLEY,

County Agent.

R. P. FORBES,

Superintendent of Poor.

JAMES K. BATES,

Superintendent of Poor.

Moved by Sup. Niederer, supported by Buck, that the report of the Jail Inspectors be accepted and adopted. Motion prevailed.

The several bills and claims against the county were read by the clerk.

Moved by Sup. Buck and supported by Niederer that the several bills as read by the Clerk, be placed in the hands of the Committee on Claims and Accounts. Motion prevailed.

Grayling, April 12, 1906.

To the Hon. Board of Supervisors of Crawford County.

Gentlemen—

I herewith beg leave to report to you that during the last three months the following repairs and work have been made and completed in and on the Court House of said county, to wit:

Repairs on the closet on the first floor.

Repairs on the closet on the second floor.

Repairs on blank case in Prosecuting Attorneys office.

Repairs on Judges desk in the court room.

Repairs on Radiator on the second floor.

A writing table in the Judge of Probate office.

A book stand for the clerk's office.

A book stand for the Register's office.

All of said work has been completed in good workmanlike manner, and the bills for the same are on file with the county clerk.

Respectfully yours

J. J. NIEDERER,

Chairman of Bldg. Com.

Moved and supported that the report of Sup. Niederer, chairman of the building committee, be accepted and adopted. Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Niederer, supported by Buck, that the Board adjourn and stand adjourned until one o'clock this afternoon. Motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION, APRIL 12.

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Roll called. Full Board present. Sup. Richardson in the chair.

To the Hon. Board of Supervisors of Crawford County.

Your Committee on Claims and Accounts respectfully submits the following as their report, recommending the allowance of the several amounts as given below, and that the Clerk be authorized to draw orders for the same:

NAME. CLM'D ALLWD

1. A. J. Stilwell, wood \$ 30.00 \$ 30.00

2. Ihling Brothers, 11.80 11.58

3. S. H. & Co., water 62.50 62.50

4. Connine & Co., 1.22 1.22

5. A. J. Stilwell, wood 50.37 50.37

6. E. McMullen, bounty 3.00 3.00

7. P. Failing, bounty, 3.00 3.00

8. Doubleday Bros., 75 75

9. Ihling Bros. suppl 12.35 12.35

10. A. P. W. Becker, 22.18 22.18

11. J. C. Failing, wood, 44.60 44.60

12. D. Raymond, wood, 83.70 83.70

13. A. J. Stilwell, serv. 31.00 31.00

14. J. Johnson, wood, 32.50 32.50

15. A. P. W. Becker, repa 1.25 1.25

16. M. P. Charron, fees, 34.72 34.72

17. Doubleday Bros. sup. 1.25 1.25

18. do. do. 2.50 2.50

19. E. Stono, bounty, 3.00 3.00

20. J. Johnson, wood, 48.75 48.75

21. P. L. Brown, rep's 2.50 2.50

22. R. P. Forbes, 20.75 20.75

23. Richm. Backus Co. 8.20 8.04

24. W. Havens, rep's 16.76 16.76

25. C. House, wood 90.18 90.18

26. Ihling Bros. suppl. 9.25 9.25

27. W. Havens, repairs 3.90 3.90

28. H. Bates, service, 76.25 ref. b.

29. L. J. Kraus, serv. 2.15 2.15

30. W. Havens, rep. 7.24 7.24

31. H. F. Scott, bounty, 3.00 3.00

32. L. J. Kraus, serv. 2.15 2.15

33. Richm. Backus Co. 90 90

34. P. L. Brown, work. 4.00 4.00

35. L. J. Kraus, service, 2.15 2.15

36. T. Masters, bounty, 3.00 3.00

37. T. Glover, service, 2.15 2.15

38. Doubleday Bros. sup. 13.80 13.84

39. Ihling Bros. sup., 13.50 13.34

40. Grayling Elect. Co. 55.04 55.04

41. L. J. Kraus, serv. 2.15 2.15

42. W. Jensen, painting, 14.00 14.00

43. Geo. Mahon, serv'ce. 2.00 2.00

44. J. J. Niederer, serv. 2.00 2.00

45. A. J. Stilwell, serv., 31.50 31.50

46. J. J. Niederer, serv. 30.80 30.80

47. C. O. McCullough, 4.00 4.00

48. John W. Wallace, 4.00 4.00

49. J. J. Niederer, 4.00 4.00

50. Thos. Nolan, 16.00 16.00

51. W. Batterson, 2.75 2.75

52. Ed. G. Clark, serv. 41.23 41.23

53. J. J. Collen, fees, 34.75 34.75

54. A. Kraus, glass, 60 60

55. L. J. Kraus, serv. 31.50 31.50

56. Maple Forest Tp., 41.33 29.33

57. G. Mahon, inst. fees, 63.30 63.30

58. A. J. Stilwell, board, 224.00 224.00

59. do. serv. 53.40 53.40

60. C. W. Amidon, repair, 10.40 10.40

Moved by Sup. Niederer, supported by Streittmatter, that the report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts be accepted and adopted. Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Niederer, supported by Buck, that the Committee on Co. Printing be instructed to see what arrangements could be made for the county printing, for the ensuing year, and that the committee report to this Board at three o'clock this p. m. Motion carried.

Moved and supported that the Board take a recess until 3 o'clock this afternoon. Motion carried.

Beard called to order by the chairman at 3 o'clock.

Grayling, April 12, 1906.

To the Hon. Board of Supervisors of Crawford County, Mich.

Gentlemen—

Replying to the enquiry of your committee in regard to the county printing of the proceedings of your Board, as required by the statute, I will do the same in supplement form, the same as for several years past, at 50 cents per folio, or will publish in the Avalanche for 40 cents per folio. You will notice this is an advance from last years rate, but I think you will notice that the advance of over 35 percent in the net cost of paper will not be more than made up.

Respectfully yours

O. PALMER,

Moved by Sup. Niederer, supported by Buck, that the bid of O. Palmer for the county printing, in supplement form, at 50c per Folio, be accepted. Motion carried.

Moved by Sup. Craven, supported by Streittmatter, that Sup. Niederer, the chairman of the building committee, be instructed to have the necessary repairs made on the Poor house. Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Niederer, supported by Streittmatter that the petition of the Crawford County Farmers Telephone Co. be placed in the hands of a special committee to be appointed by chair, said committee to report to this Board at its session to-morrow morning. Motion prevailed.

The chair appointed Sup. Niederer and Streittmatter.

To the Honorable, the Board of Supervisors of Crawford Co., Mich.

Gentlemen—

Your petitioner, the President and Secretary of the Crawford County Farmers Telephone Co., a mutual organization for the purpose of constructing and operating a telephone line between the village of Grayling, Crawford County, Mich., and various points in said county and adjoining counties, respectfully petition your honorable body for permission to put its poles and wires along, across and

over the various highways and established roadways in such sections of the county as may be desirable to run its lines.

The company will construct its lines according to what is known as "standard requirements" in telephone construction, and for the privilege of said permission will conform to such reasonable rules and regulations in regard to location of poles and height of wires as may be required by your honorable body.

Very respectfully

J. L. HANNES, Pres.

ROLLA BRINK, Sec.

Moved by Sup. Streittmatter, supported by Niederer, that the petition of Mr. J. L. Hannes be accepted and adopted and placed on record. Motion carried.

To the Honorable, the Board of Supervisors of the County of Crawford Michigan.

Gentlemen—

Some weeks since a bill was introduced in Congress, asking the U. S. government to set aside some 8000 acres of land—homestead lands—still held by the government in this county for the use of the Michigan Forestry Commission.

Believing the lands already held by this commission in this and Roscommon Counties—over 56,000 acres—were ample to the purpose of the commission as laid down in the act creating it, and being opposed to the present policy of the commission, which seems to have for its purpose the re-foresting of all Northern Michigan whether the people of that section want it or not, Crawford County Grange, No. 934, passed a series of resolutions opposing the passage of said bill, and asking Hon. Geo. A. Loud of this congressional district to oppose the same.

These resolutions were forwarded to Mr. Loud. He replied that some action—such as a resolution—on the part of the constituted county authorities would, if they opposed the measure, place him in a better position to successfully work against the passage of the bill.

The Crawford County Grange therefore appointed the undersigned as its representative to lay the matter before your honorable body with a request that some such action as Mr. Loud suggests be taken upon the same.

I hand you herewith a copy of the resolution referred to above. The Grange certainly believes that your body cannot but think the withdrawing of 8000 or more acres in addition to the large section of the county already turned over to the Forestry Commission, would be inimicable to the best interest of the county, and that you would oppose the same.

Hoping that you would find it advisable to take some action in the premises, I remain

Very respectfully

J. L. HANNES.

Master Crawford Co. Grange, No. 934.

Grayling, Mich., April 12, 1906.

WHEREAS, a bill has been introduced in Congress for the purpose of turning over to the Michigan Forestry Commission the remaining government lands in Crawford County, Mich., some 8000 acres, now subject to homestead entry, for the purpose of reforestation, and

WHEREAS we, the Board of Supervisors of the county of Crawford and state of Michigan, are opposed to the said proposed legislation as inimical to the best interest of the county, therefore be it

RESOLVED—That we heartily indorse the resolution passed in relation to this measure by Crawford County Grange No. 934, and be it further

RESOLVED—That we also urge our representative in Congress, Hon. Geo. A. Loud, that he use every honorable means to defeat the passage of said bill, and be it further

RESOLVED—That the Clerk be instructed to forward a copy of these resolutions to said Hon. Geo. A. Loud and also to the secretary of Crawford County Grange No. 934.

JOHN J. NIEDERER,

Supervisor of Grayling Tp.

Moved by Sup. Buck, supported by Streittmatter, that the resolution of Sup. Niederer be accepted and adopted. Motion prevailed.

Moved and supported that the Board adjourn until eight o'clock to-morrow morning. Motion prevailed.

I. H. RICHARDSON,

Chairman.

J. J. COLLEN, Clerk.